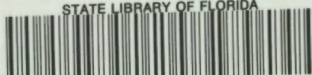
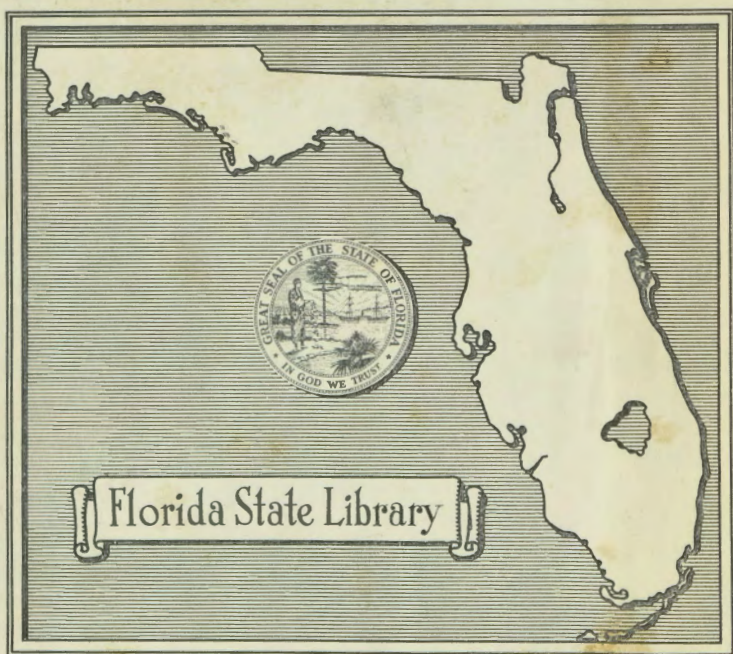


Fla
351.2
W595

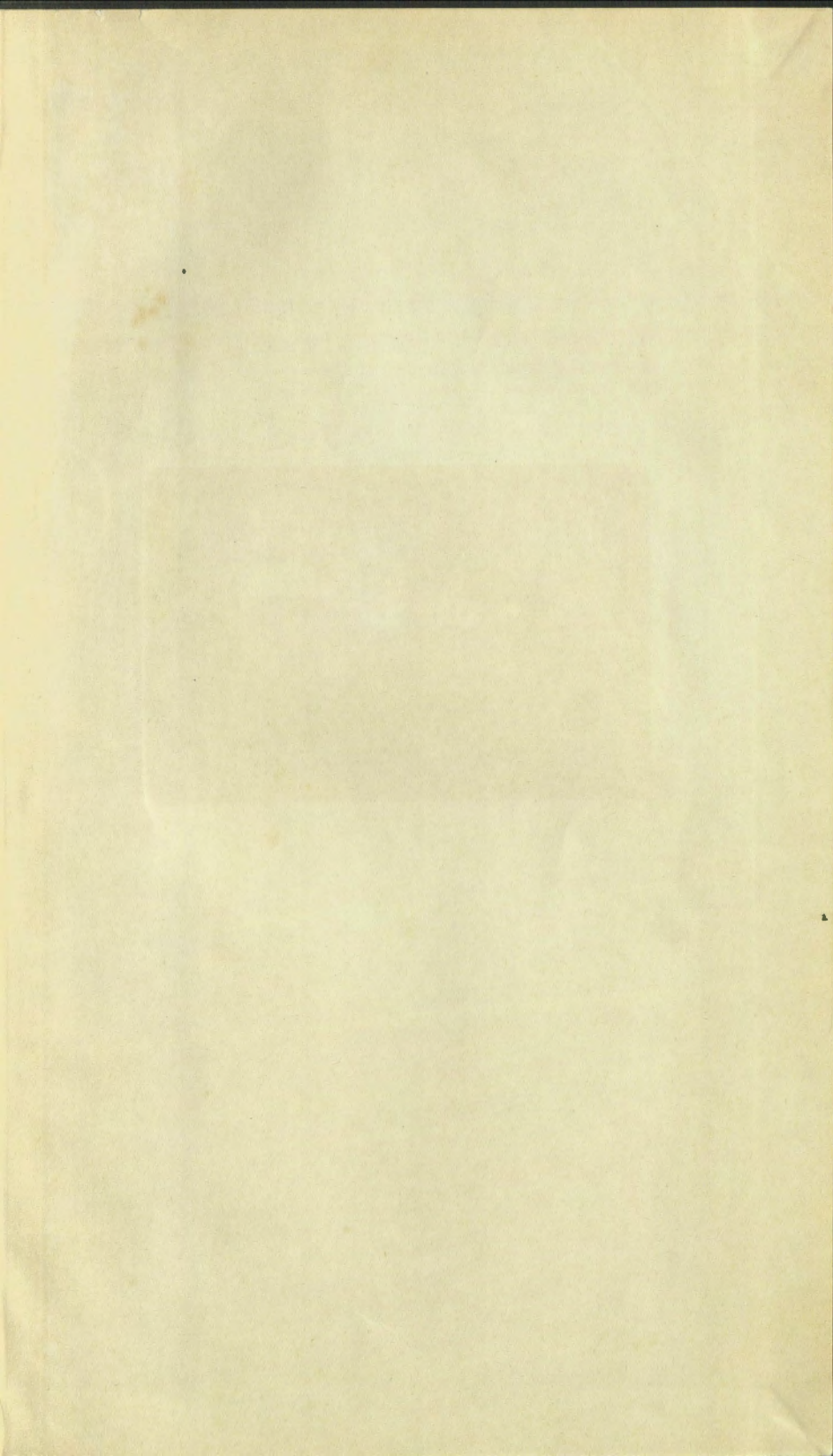
STATE LIBRARY OF FLORIDA



3 1246 00396570 6




AA45700




Subsequent information on
the delegates is found in an
addenda in the 1939 Senate
Journal, p. 1201.

FLORIDA STATE LIBRARY



FLORIDA STATE GOVERNMENT.



AN OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

—OF THE—



STATE GOVERNMENT.

COMPILED BY

J. B. WHITFIELD.

FOR THE USE OF MEMBERS OF CONVEN-
TION, OFFICIALS AND CITIZENS.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA.:
FLORIDIAN STEAM BOOK AND JOB OFFICE.
1885.







E. A. PERRY, GOVERNOR OF FLORIDA.

1885-1889



STATE CAPITOL, TALLAHASSEE.

1885

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

	<i>Page.</i>
Florida.....	5
Florida Sectionally Considered.....	10
Florida Under American Rule.....	10
The State Officers.....	10
County Officers.....	11
State Judiciary.....	17
United States Officers.....	18
Members of Senate.....	20
Members of Assembly.....	21
The Convention.....	23
List of Delegates.....	26
Biographical Sketches of Delegates.....	29
Convention Notes.....	75
Sketches of State Officers.....	77
Sketches of Judiciary.....	84
Mayor of Tallahassee.....	91
Present State Government.....	92
United States Officials.....	95
Population by Counties.....	98
Area of Counties.....	99

ERRATA.

Page 55, "Hon." should be before Alex. Zipperer.

Page 59, ten lines from bottom, should read "1884."

Page 61, eleven lines from top, should read "inflexible."

Page 78, thirteen lines from top, should read "adopted," instead of "native."

FLORIDA STATE GOVERNMENT.

AN OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

OF THE

STATE GOVERNMENT.

James Bryant COMPILED BY
J. B. WHITFIELD.

FOR THE USE OF MEMBERS OF CONVENTION,
OFFICIALS AND CITIZENS.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA.:
FLORIDIAN STEAM BOOK AND JOB OFFICE.
1885.

F351.2
W595

FLORIDA.

The discovery of Florida is a historical romance. It has been claimed that Sebastian Cabot, sailing under the English flag in the year 1497, traveled along the shores of North America as far south as Florida, but in early days the whole coast south of the Chesapeake was called Florida.

It is now the generally received opinion that Juan Ponce de Leon was the first to discover Florida. This distinguished navigator was a Spaniard, who, after subjugating the island of Porto Rico, was deprived of his authority as its ruler; and having been told of a land to the northwest which abounded in immense riches and watered by a stream which would give renewed youth and vigor to all who bathed therein, his declining years and strength and natural desire to discover a land that would result in honor and profit to himself, prompted him to go in search thereof. With a fleet of three vessels he sailed in the spring of 1512, from the island of Porto Rico, in a northwesterly direction, and sighted land off the east coast of Florida, near where St. Augustine now stands, on Sunday, March 27, 1512. This was Palm Sunday, or Pascua Florida in Spanish, and being delighted with the green verdure which overspread the country, De Leon called the newly discovered land Florida. He took possession in the name of Spain, but soon after returned to Porto Rico.

In the year 1516 Diego Miruelo, a pilot, sailed from Cuba to Florida and returned, giving glowing accounts of the fertility of the soil and its hidden riches. After this several expeditions landed in Florida, always returning with encouraging accounts of the wealth of the land. On the 18th day of May, 1539, Hernando de Soto sailed from Cuba and landed at Tampa Bay on Whit Sunday, the 25th of May, and from this point commenced his memorable march to the Mississippi.

In 1562, Captain Jean Ribaut discovered the entrance of the

St. Johns river, landed and erected a monument of stone, engraving thereon the arms of France. Laudonniere also landed a colony near the mouth of the St. Johns. These colonies, however, were neglected and finally extirpated by the Spanish under Menendez, who founded at St. Augustine, in 1565, the first permanent European settlement in North America.

Florida now remained under Spanish rule for nearly two hundred years, and was ceded to Great Britain in 1763; but in 1783 it was receded to Spain, remaining a Spanish Province about thirty-six years, when it was formally ceded to the United States. A Territorial Government was established in 1822, and in 1845 Florida was admitted into the Union; seceded in January, 1861, readmitted in 1865, and since that time she has been one of the most prosperous of the sisterhood of States. She now stands second to no State in the Union in the role of advancement and improvement. Possessed of superior natural advantages and replete with undeveloped resources, she attracts immigration and excites the wonder and admiration of the world.

1885.

The year 1885, though less than half gone, has been quite an eventful one in the history of Florida. On the 6th of January the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, who were triumphantly elected the fall before, were inaugurated in the presence of a large and enthusiastic concourse of persons from all sections of the State, who rejoiced that the practice of good government, inaugurated under Drew and extended and improved under Bloxham, should be continued through another administration, which will doubtless prove even more advantageous to the interests of the whole people, because of the favorable conditions under which it is installed. The Legislature, which assembled in January under the Constitution, recognizing the importance of an economical expenditure of the people's money, and appreciating the fact that a Constitutional Convention was to be held in the ensuing summer, finished the large amount of

business which was brought before it, including the election of a United States Senator and a State Printer, and the formal call of the Constitutional Convention, in an unprecedentedly short time, adjourning three weeks before the allotted time expired, thus establishing a precedent for the guidance of further Legislative bodies, by setting an example of economy and diligence.

FLORIDA SECTIONALLY CONSIDERED.

The State of Florida is divided into four geographical sections, commonly designated as West, Middle, East and South Florida. There is really no such division legally authorized ; but by its citizens such a subdivision of territory is tacitly recognized, and the several parts are always spoken of by the above names. All of that portion of the State lying south of the State of Alabama and west of the Apalachicola River, embracing the Counties of Escambia, Santa Rosa, Walton, Holmes, Washington, Jackson and Calhoun, is known as West Florida.

The section of country lying between the Apalachicola and Suwanee Rivers, embracing the counties of Gadsden, Liberty, Franklin, Leon, Wakulla, Jefferson, Madison, Taylor, Lafayette and Hamilton, is known as Middle Florida.

That portion of the State situated east of the Suwanee River and north of the 29th parallel of latitude, embracing the counties of Suwanee, Columbia, Baker, Nassau, Duval, Clay, St. Johns, Putnam, Bradford, Alachua, Levy, Marion and Volusia, is termed East Florida.

That immense region in the peninsula south of the 29th parallel, containing the counties of Hernando, Sumter, Orange, Hillsborough, Polk, Brevard, Manatee, Dade and Monroe, is called South Florida.

The four following articles are intended to present a descriptive outline of these several sections in the order named :

West Florida was settled by immigrants chiefly from the Southern States—Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia and the Carolinas, furnishing the greater part. In the Euchee Valley, in Walton county, many years ago, settled a colony of educated Scotch farmers, who have bred a race of *Macs* in those regions who have long been the moving spirits of the county, supplying able men for every position of trust, usefulness and responsibility.

The country is comparatively high, not, indeed, in comparison with Kentucky, Tennessee, or North Georgia, but so very much higher than much of Louisiana, Mississippi, the coast counties of Carolina and Georgia and the peninsular portion of Florida, as to be considered in these latitudes quite elevated. The proximity of the Gulf, and the boundless extent of forest reaching in every direction, tend to equalize temperatures and make the climate one of the most delightful to be found anywhere.

The soil of the greater portion of this section is sandy and not possessed of any wonderful degree of fertility, yet it is rarely so poor as not to give very satisfactory returns to labor bestowed upon it.

Certain portions, however, possess as choice agricultural lands as are to be found in the South. Jackson county, for instance, is one of the richest agricultural regions of Florida. In it clay predominates in the soil, and abundant crops of corn, cotton, cane, potatoes, oats, rye, rice and hay are made by its farmers.

One of the attractions that West Florida offers to immigrants is the adaptiveness to profitable stock raising, especially sheep. The country is well watered with clear running streams, having their sources in determined springs. The natural grasses of the pine woods in this part of Florida are more diversified and of a finer character than on the pine lands of other parts of the State, and afford very satisfactory food to flocks and herds.

In the past, as probably for some years in the future, the most extensive industry and source of wealth to West Florida has been, and will be, the handling of her pine timber, than which no finer supply, both as to quantity and quality, is to be found in the South.

The fine harbor of Pensacola has for years attracted the ships of all nations in quest of the great stores of yellow pine timber and lumber to be obtained there; and mills for the manufacture of these commodities have been for a long time operated at Pensacola, at several points on Escambia Bay, the the Blackwater, and the Apalachicola.

What West Florida has to offer is substantial, and shows for itself. The population, capital, and industries of these western counties will undoubtedly double in the next ten years.

Middle Florida embraces the counties of Gadsden, Liberty, Franklin, Wakulla, Leon, Jefferson, Madison, Taylor, Lafayette and Hamilton, and occupies that section of the State lying between the Suwanee and Apalachicola Rivers.

The northern portion of this area, or so much of the coun-

ties of Madison, Jefferson, Leon, and Gadsden as lie north of the Florida Central & Western Railroad, is a section entirely unlike any other in Florida. The yellow-pine trees, and level, sandy lands, so conspicuous elsewhere in Florida, are not found here; but in their stead is a high, rolling country, a firm clay soil, and, where not cleared and under cultivation, magnificent forests of oaks of many varieties, hickory, ash, cherry, sweet-gum, poplar, magnolia, and many other hard-wood trees.

This section of Middle Florida is an oasis of rich agricultural country, situated in the great pine waste of Southern Georgia and Northern Florida.

As long ago as 1823, the commissioners authorized to select and locate the site of the territorial capital were induced by the beauty of this region to determine upon it as the most suitable place in the newly-acquired country for the establishment of its seat of government, and Tallahassee was laid out on its hill-tops. Immediately after the establishment of the United States Land Office at the capital, the fertility of the extensive belt of red clay lands in this middle region attracted the attention of wealthy planters in Virginia and the Carolinas, who at once began entering the fine hammocks, and removing to them.

The wonderful productiveness of this semi-tropical region was soon a source of immense profit to its fortunate owners. The young capital began to grow and prosper, and was soon the home of people of cultivation and taste, who constructed comfortable and in some instances luxurious homes, in which for many years was expended a bounteous hospitality that made the Tallahassee country famous for the attractiveness of its social surroundings. Very much the same atmosphere extended into the adjoining counties of Gadsden, Jefferson, and Madison, and the pretty little towns of Quincy, Monticello, and Madison gathered around them a population of wealthy men. This was then *the* Florida. The growing of oranges was never engaged in by these plantation proprietors for profit; and notwithstanding that the great St. Johns flowed as majestically then as now, the fact that nowhere on its banks was the land fertile enough to encourage agricultural pursuits forbade the opening of plantations there.

The wave of prosperity that has gradually raised itself and been sweeping over the Southern States has at last reached this charming, but of late neglected, part of Florida. New railroads are being proposed and built, and old lines repaired and extended, and the spirit of improvement is aroused and fairly getting abroad in the land.

The very elevated character of the country in the northern

part of Middle Florida, and the nature of the scenery and surroundings, where gracefully swelling hill-sides, open valleys, green and inviting meadows, great areas of well-kept farm lands, with cosy settlements, patches of deep, semi-tropical forest, where the high arches of the live oak are filled with waving palms, deep, clear-water lakes meeting among the hills which rise precipitously from the water's edge, are thrown together in delightful confusion, make this one of the most attractive sections in America.

East Florida embraces the thirteen counties of Nassau, Duval, Baker, Columbia, Suwannee, Alachua, Levy, Marion, Volusia, St. Johns, Putnam, Clay and Bradford, and covers the area east of Suwannee river and north of the twenty-ninth parallel of north latitude.

Notwithstanding that the city of St. Augustine, in St. Johns county, is the oldest settlement in the United States, East Florida is in most particulars a *new* country. The town civilization that established itself at Fernandina, Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Palatka, prior to the civil war, did very little toward developing the country districts, and, except at a few points along the banks of the St. Johns, there was really very little settlement of the eastern portion of East Florida.

In the counties of Marion, Alachua, Suwannee and Columbia, where the better quality of the soil encouraged agriculture, the development was much more rapid and extended.

Orange-grove making is the pursuit that first infused life into Florida after the late war, and the field first occupied and devoted to this business was the region along the St. Johns river.

In the matter of railway communication East Florida is admirably supplied. Beside the trunk line of the Florida Railway and Navigation Company's roads, extending from the Atlantic at Fernandina to the warm waters of the Gulf at Cedar Key, this same company operates a branch thirty miles long from Fernandina to Jacksonville. This, in addition to the great commercial advantages resulting to each place, practically places the splendid surf-bathing of the Amelia Island beach at the very doors of the residents of Jacksonville.

The Southern terminus of the fast mail and trunk lines is Jacksonville, a growing city situated near the mouth of the St. Johns river, which is the metropolis of Florida, and fast becoming one of the most important cities in the South.

The climate and natural advantages of this section have attracted travel and immigration on a larger scale than any other portion of the State.

South Florida, comprising the counties of Brevard, Dade,

Monroe, Manatee, Polk, Hillsborough, Hernando, Sumter and Orange, a territory of 27,500 square miles in extent, is a region which has of late years attracted more widespread and interested attention than any other section of the American Union. Its peculiar characteristics of climate and productions possess a romantic interest for the majority of people of colder latitudes difficult to define, yet substantial enough to form an important, if unacknowledged, element in the progress which has marked its recent history. Much of its territory, known as the Everglades, is an unsurveyed and unexplored region, of which the possibilities, in an agricultural or commercial point of view, are as utterly unknown as those of the interior of Africa; while the remaining portion has become, within a few years past, the seat of an active and prosperous civilization.

People are pouring into the peninsular portion of the State in wonderful numbers, and the development of this section is equal to anything that has occurred in the history of Western civilization. Lands are rapidly enhancing in value, and maturing groves are commanding fabulous prices.

How firm the foundation may be upon which this visible prosperity now rests, the future alone can disclose. Everything is so far secondary to orange planting that there is little else seen upon which to base calculations.

So far the wealth that has developed the section has been carried there from elsewhere, and has not been the result of domestic production; but no man familiar with the conditions there can doubt that thousands of souls are yet to find in South Florida the one place in North America where they can realize their ideal of a semi-tropical home, where a life of easy comfort can be enjoyed under laws and political institutions adapted to American genius. It is a land where meet the best tempered edges of two zones, and where the most desirable features of each blend harmoniously; where the Southern palm lazily waves an evergreen welcome to the sturdy Northern oak; where the golden fruit of the tropics ripens side by side with the ruddy representative of colder climes, and where the breath of the South sea trade winds comes laden with ozone from the boundless ocean, calling back the roses to pale cheeks that have blanched under the ruder touch of borean blasts.—*L.*

FLORIDA UNDER AMERICAN RULE.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNORS.

1. Andrew Jackson, July, 1821, to June, 1822, nearly 1 year.
2. W. P. Duval, 1822 to 1834, about . . . 12 "
3. John W. Eaton, 1834 to 1835, about . . . 1 "
4. R. K. Call, 1835 to 1839, about . . . 4 "
5. Robert Raymond *Reed*, 1839 to 1840, about . . . 1 "
6. R. K. Call, 1840 to 1844, about . . . 4 "
7. John Branch, 1844 to 1846, about . . . 2 "

STATE GOVERNORS.

1. W. D. Moseley, 1846 to 1848, about . . . 2 years
2. Thomas Brown, 1848 to 1852, about . . . 4 "
3. James E. Broome, 1852 to 1856, about . . . 4 "
4. Madison Perry, 1856 to 1860, about . . . 4 "
5. John Milton, 1860 to 1865, about . . . 4 "
6. A. K. Allison, Acting Governor in 1865, . . . a few months
7. Wm. Marvin, Military Governor to Dec., 1865, " "
8. D. S. Walker, 1865 to 1868, nearly . . . 3 years
9. Harrison Reed, 1868 to 1873, nearly . . . 5 "
10. O. B. Hart, } 1873 to 1877, nearly . . . 4 "
11. M. L. Stearns, }
12. George F. Drew, 1877 to 1881, . . . 4 "
13. Wm. D. Bloxham, 1881 to 1885, . . . 4 "
14. E. A. Perry, 1885, present Governor, elected for 4 "

THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor—E. A. Perry, Tallahassee.
 Lieutenant-Governor—Milton H. Mabry, Leesburg.
 Attorney-General—C. M. Cooper, Tallahassee.
 Secretary of State—John L. Crawford, Tallahassee.
 Comptroller—Wm. D. Barnes, Tallahassee.

Treasurer—E. S. Crill, Tallahassee.

Adjutant-General—David Lang, Tallahassee.

Commissioner of Lands and Immigration—C. L. Mitchell, Tallahassee.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—A. J. Russell, Tallahassee.

Private Secretary to Governor—L. B. Wombwell, Tallahassee.

Cabinet Officers—Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Comptroller, Treasurer, Commissioner of Lands and Immigration, Adjutant-General and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Commissioners of State Institutions—The Governor and Cabinet.

Board of Education—Superintendent of Public Instruction, Secretary of State and Attorney-General.

Board of Pardons—The Governor, Justices of the Supreme Court and Attorney-General.

Board of State Canvassers—Secretary of State, Comptroller and Attorney-General.

Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund—The Governor, Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney-General and Commissioner of Lands and Immigration.

Superintendent of Asylum for the Indigent Insane—Alex. Moseley, Chattahoochee.

State Printer—N. M. Bowen, Tallahassee.

State Engineer—H. S. Duval, River Junction.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

ALACHUA.

County seat, Gainesville—County Judge, J. C. Gardner; Clerk Circuit Court, J. A. Carlisle; Sheriff, S. C. Tucker; Assessor, A. J. DaCosta; Collector, H. C. Denton; Superintendent of Schools, W. N. Sheats.

BAKER.

County seat, Sanderson—County Judge, W. A. Drake; Clerk Circuit Court, F. J. Pons; Sheriff, J. W. Van Buskirk; Assessor, A. J. W. Cobb; Collector, J. M. Burnsed; Superintendent of Schools, Wm. Lesesne.

BRADFORD.

County seat, Lake Butler—County Judge, J. R. Richard; Clerk Circuit Court, H. F. York; Sheriff, G. W. Epperson; Assessor, V. O. Scarborough; Collector, B. Haynes; Superintendent of Schools, Joseph L. Hill.

BREVARD.

County seat Titusville—County Judge, J. A. McCrory; Clerk Circuit Court, A. A. Stewart; Sheriff, M. E. English; Assessor, W. R. Sanders; Collector, J. F. Reed; Superintendent of Schools, J. H. Sams.

CALHOUN.

County seat, Blountstown—County Judge, Wm. Clarke; Clerk Circuit Court, J. S. Fannin; Sheriff, Jos. S. Stone; Assessor, J. M. Bush; Collector, J. P. Atkins; Superintendent of Schools, W. G. Coxwell.

CLAY.

County seat, Green Cove Spring—County Judge, J. T. Copeland; Clerk Circuit Court, Geo. N. Bardin; Sheriff, C. L. Wright; Assessor, T. J. Browning; Collector, W. J. Wilson; Superintendent of Schools, G. W. Hall.

COLUMBIA.

County seat, Lake City—County Judge, W. M. Ives; Clerk Circuit Court, John Vinzant; Sheriff, C. P. Farwell; Assessor, A. B. Brown; Collector, J. W. Payne; Superintendent of Schools, W. A. Sheffield.

DADE.

County seat, Miami—County Judge, A. E. Heyser; Clerk Circuit Court, P. W. Faulkner; Sheriff, W. M. Mattaur; Assessor, W. H. Benest; Collector, W. H. Benest; Superintendent of Schools, C. H. Lum.

DUVAL.

County seat, Jacksonville—County Judge, W. A. McLean;

Clerk Circuit Court, T. E. Buckman; Sheriff, H. D. Holland; Assessor, D. P. Smith; Collector, M. J. Brown; Superintendent of Schools, W. H. Babcock.

ESCAMBIA.

County seat, Pensacola—County Judge, Walter Tate; Clerk Circuit Court, F. E. de la Rua; Sheriff, Joseph Wilkins; Assessor, George Reese; Collector, M. Palmes; Superintendent of Schools, A. B. Cook.

FRANKLIN.

County seat, Apalachicola—County Judge, R. G. Baker; Clerk Circuit Court, C. E. Hobart; Sheriff, S. A. Floyd; Assessor, James Lang; Collector, G. A. Patton; Superintendent of Schools, S. E. Rice.

GADSDEN.

County seat, Quincy—County Judge, I. R. Harris; Clerk Circuit Court, A. Nicholson; Sheriff, Thomas Mitchell; Assessor, H. McPhaul; Collector, R. M. Morgan; Superintendent of Schools, C. E. L. Allison.

HAMILTON.

County seat, Jasper—County Judge, H. J. Stewart; Clerk Circuit Court, J. M. Caldwell; Sheriff, S. Tavell; Assessor, J. F. Stewart; Collector, J. H. Lee; Superintendent of Schools, J. N. Reid.

HERNANDO.

County seat, Brooksville—County Judge, G. V. Ramsay; Clerk Circuit Court, J. C. Law; Sheriff, W. A. Jenkins; Assessor, J. F. Shands; Collector, F. M. Hedick; Superintendent of Schools, W. C. Zimmerman.

HILLSBOROUGH.

County seat, Tampa—County Judge, T. A. Carruth; Clerk Circuit Court, W. A. Givens; Sheriff, J. P. Martin; Assessor, A. M. Sanford; Collector, W. J. Martin; Superintendent of Schools, W. P. Henderson.

HOLMES.

County seat, Cerro Gordo—County Judge, C. R. Kelly; Clerk Circuit Court, T. H. Pittman; Sheriff, W. M. Brown; Assessor, J. D. Newton; Collector, R. E. Williams; Superintendent of Schools, W. Curry.

JACKSON.

County seat, Marianna—County Judge, Geo. F. Baltzell; Clerk Circuit Court, Frank Phillips; Sheriff, Andrew Scott; Assessor, G. B. Denham; Collector, J. B. Anderson; Superintendent of Schools, S. J. Erwin.

JEFFERSON.

County seat, Monticello—County Judge, W. B. Lamar; Clerk Circuit Court, W. C. Bird; Sheriff, D. B. Bird; Assessor, J. P. Grantham; Collector, J. H. Tucker; Superintendent of Schools, J. A. Walker.

LAFAYETTE.

County seat, New Troy—County Judge, T. T. Chesser; Clerk Circuit Court, N. A. McAlpin; Sheriff, C. S. Weatherbee; Assessor, G. C. Burch; Collector, J. T. Cates; Superintendent of Schools, J. C. Ramsay.

LEON.

County seat, Tallahassee—County Judge, E. M. West; Clerk Circuit Court, Council A. Bryan; Sheriff, John A. Pearce; Assessor, Geo. A. Croom; Collector, C. C. Pearce; Superintendent of Schools, Henry N. Feikel.

LEVY.

County seat, Bronson—County Judge, J. F. McDonell; Clerk Circuit Court, J. M. Barco; Sheriff, W. H. Bigham; Assessor, Louis Appel; Collector, B. B. Barco; Superintendent of Schools, J. P. DePass.

LIBERTY.

County seat, Bristol—County Judge, R. F. Hosford; Clerk Circuit Court, A. J. Wooldridge; Sheriff, R. F. Hosford; Assessor, W. E. Shuler; Collector, T. P. Shuler; Superintendent of Schools, T. B. Jackson.

MADISON.

County seat, Madison—County Judge, R. M. Witherspoon; Clerk Circuit Court, John M. Beggs; Sheriff, S. A. Parramore; Assessor, T. T. Ellison; Collector, B. D. Wadsworth; Superintendent of Schools, S. J. Perry.

MANATEE.

County seat, Pine Level—County Judge, John G. Webb;

Clerk Circuit Court, L. S. Griffith ; Sheriff, A. S. Watson ; Assessor, W. T. Parrish ; Collector, H. E. Carlton ; Superintendent of Schools, F. J. Seward.

MARION.

County seat, Ocala—County Judge, J. H. Williams ; Clerk Circuit Court, Robert Bullock ; Sheriff, E. T. Williams ; Assessor, H. C. Martin ; Collector, W. P. Trantham ; Superintendent of Schools, M. L. Payne.

MONROE.

County seat, Key West—County Judge, C. S. Baron ; Clerk Circuit Court, Peter T. Knight ; Sheriff, G. A. Demerritt ; Assessor, W. C. Maloney, Jr. ; Collector, M. S. Moreno ; Superintendent of Schools, J. V. Harris.

NASSAU.

County seat, Fernandina—County Judge, H. J. Baker ; Clerk Circuit Court, J. A. Edwards ; Sheriff, J. A. Ellerman ; Assessor, W. H. Garland ; Collector, W. F. Scott ; Superintendent of Schools, S. W. Higginbotham.

ORANGE.

County seat, Orlando—County Judge, J. L. Bryan ; Clerk Circuit Court, T. J. Shine ; Sheriff, J. C. Anderson ; Assessor, J. M. Owens, Sr. ; Collector, F. T. Hardeman ; Superintendent of Schools, J. T. Beeks.

POLK.

County seat, Bartow—County Judge, J. A. Fortner ; Clerk Circuit Court, W. H. Johnson ; Sheriff, R. P. Kilpatrick ; Assessor, W. H. Johnson ; Collector, J. D. Tillis ; Superintendent of Schools, John Snoddy.

PUTNAM.

County seat, Palatka—County Judge, T. S. Houghton ; Clerk Circuit Court, W. F. Forward ; Sheriff, G. J. Zehnbour, Jr. ; Assessor, B. T. Boyd ; Collector, Jos. Price ; Superintendent of Schools, A. J. Wood.

ST. JOHNS.

County seat, St. Augustine—County Judge, M. R. Cooper ; Clerk Circuit Court, B. F. Oliveros ; Sheriff, R. Hernandez ;

Assessor, R. F. Ximeinies ; Collector, J. F. Llambias ; Superintendent of Schools, Peter Aman.

SANTA ROSA.

County seat, Milton—County Judge, J. Chain ; Clerk Circuit Court, R. R. Sheppard ; Sheriff, W. J. Johnson ; Assessor, J. G. Ward ; Collector, W. J. Williams ; Superintendent of Schools, David Turner.

SUMTER

County seat, Sumterville—County Judge, J. R. Steele ; Clerk Circuit Court, C. M. Knott ; Sheriff, J. P. Galloway ; Assessor, D. C. Hull ; Collector, Jos. Hutchinson ; Superintendent of Schools, A. P. Roberts.

SUWANNEE.

County seat, Live Oak—County Judge, R. W. Philips ; Clerk Circuit Court, J. W. Newman ; Sheriff, W. B. Mickler ; Assessor, H. S. Harrell ; Collector, W. H. Sessions ; Superintendent of Schools, A. W. Mizell.

TAYLOR.

County seat, Perry—County Judge, J. R. Kimbrow ; Clerk Circuit Court, John C. Calhoun ; Sheriff, B. A. J. Tucker ; Assessor, L. Hutchinson ; Collector, J. B. Hardee ; Superintendent of Schools, T. J. Faulkner.

VOLUSIA.

County seat, Enterprise—County Judge, J. H. Chandler ; Clerk Circuit Court, H. J. Faulkner ; Sheriff, B. F. Brooks ; Assessor, S. J. Hodges ; Collector, P. N. Bryan ; Superintendent of Schools, R. F. Fox.

WAKULLA.

County seat, Crawfordville—County Judge, B. S. Smith ; Clerk Circuit Court, N. R. Walker ; Sheriff, C. S. Alligood ; Assessor, H. H. Walker ; Collector, R. C. McMillan ; Superintendent of Schools, W. T. Duval.

WALTON.

County seat, Euchee Anna—County Judge, D. McLeod, Sr. ; Clerk Circuit Court, D. G. McLeod ; Sheriff, J. C. McSween ;

Assessor, D. L. Campbell ; Collector, W. B. McLeod ; Superintendent of Schools, John C. Douglass.

WASHINGTON.

County seat, Vernon—County Judge, W. B. Jones ; Clerk Circuit Court, D. D. Melvin ; Sheriff, S. W. Davis ; Assessor, W. R. Gainer ; Collector, John Roche ; Superintendent of Schools, Henry Bush.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

SUPREME COURT.

Chief-Justice—Geo. G. McWhorter, Milton.

Associate Justices—Geo. P. Raney, Tallahassee ; R. B. Van Valkenburgh, St. Nicholas.

Clerk—D. C. Wilson, Tallahassee.

Deputy Clerk—B. B. Wilson, Tallahassee.

Sheriff—John A. Pearce, Tallahassee.

CIRCUIT COURTS.

First Circuit—Santa Rosa, Escambia, Walton, Holmes, Washington and Jackson counties.

Judge First Judicial Circuit—Hon. A. E. Maxwell, Pensacola.

State Solicitor—W. H. Milton, Marianna.

Second Circuit—Calhoun, Franklin, Wakulla, Liberty, Gadsden, Leon and Jefferson counties.

Judge Second Judicial Circuit—Hon. David S. Walker, Sr., Tallahassee.

State Solicitor—E. C. Love, Quincy.

Third Circuit—Taylor, Madison, Hamilton, Suwannee, Columbia and Lafayette counties.

Judge Third Judicial Circuit—Hon. E. J. Vann, Madison.

State Solicitor—B. B. Blackwell, Jasper.

Fourth Circuit—St. Johns, Clay, Bradford, Baker, Nassau and Duval counties.

Judge Fourth Judicial Circuit—Hon. James M. Baker, Jacksonville.

State Solicitor—A. W. Owens, Jacksonville.

Fifth Circuit—Sumter, Marion, Putnam, Levy and Alachua counties.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—Hon. Thomas F. King, Gainesville.

State Solicitor—W. A. Hocker, Leesburg.

Sixth Circuit—Hernando, Hillsborough, Polk, Manatee and Monroe counties.

Judge Sixth Judicial Circuit—Hon. H. L. Mitchell, Tampa.

State Solicitor—S. M. Sparkman, Tampa.

Seventh Circuit—Orange, Volusia, Brevard and Dade counties.

Judge Seventh Judicial Circuit—Hon. E. K. Foster, Sanford.

State Solicitor—J. D. Beggs, Orlando.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senators.

Hon. Wilkinson Call, Jacksonville—term expires 1891.

Hon. Chas. W. Jones, Pensacola—term expires 1887.

Representatives.

First District—Hon. R. H. M. Davidson, Quincy—term expires 1887.

Second District—Hon. Chas. Dougherty, Port Orange—term expires 1887.

JUDICIAL.

U. S. Circuit Courts.

Fifth Judicial Circuit—Hon. W. B. Woods, Atlanta, Ga., Supreme Court Justice, assigned.

Hon. Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La., Circuit Judge.

E. M. Cheney, Jacksonville, U. S. Attorney Northern District, Jacksonville.

Jos. H. Durkee, Marshal Northern District, Jacksonville.

Philip Walter, Jacksonville, L. D. Ball, Tallahassee, F. C. Humphries, Pensacola, Clerks Northern District.

Terms—Northern District.

Jacksonville, first Monday in December.

Tallahassee, first Monday in February.

Pensacola, first Monday in March.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Northern District.

Hon. Thos. Settle, Jacksonville, Judge.

E. M. Cheney, Jacksonville, U. S. Attorney.

Jas. H. Durkee, Jacksonville, Marshal.

Philip Walter, Jacksonville, Clerk Eastern Division.

L. D. Ball, Tallahassee, Clerk Middle Division.

F. C. Humphries, Pensacola, Clerk Western Division.

Terms.

Eastern Division—Jacksonville, first Monday in December.

Middle Division—Tallahassee, first Monday in February.

Western Division—Pensacola, first Monday in March.

Southern District.

Hon. James W. Locke, Key West, Judge.

G. B. Patterson, Tampa, U. S. Attorney.

Peter Williams, Key West, Marshal.

O. E. Locke, Key West, Clerk.

UNITED STATES PUBLIC LANDS.

District of Florida.

Surveyor-General—Jas. F. McClellan, Tallahassee.

United States Land Office.

Register—L. A. Barnes, Gainesville.

Receiver—John F. Rollins, Gainesville.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT—THIRTEENTH SESSION, 1885.

MEMBERS OF SENATE.

Hon. H. C. Baker, King's Ferry, Nassau county.
Hon. Wm. Bryson, Live Oak, Suwannee county.
Hon. James Burnam, Hamilton, Hamilton county.
Hon. H. W. Chandler, Ocala, Marion county.
Hon. J. D. Cole, Monticello, Jefferson county.
Hon. J. L. F. Cottrell, Cedar Key, Levy county.
Hon. E. S. Crill, Palatka, Putnam county.
Hon. C. Delano, Spring Garden Centre, Volusia county.
Hon. J. L. Gaskins, Starke, Bradford county.
Hon. W. D. Hankins, Steinhatchie, Lafayette county.
Hon. S. M. Hendricks, Green Cove Springs, Clay county.
Hon. A. R. Jones, Crestview, Walton county.
Hon. J. M. Landrum, Milton, Santa Rosa county.
Hon. G. M. Lee, Leesburg, Sumter county.
Hon. J. T. Lesley, Tampa, Hillsborough county.
Hon. S. R. Mallory, Pensacola, Escambia county.
Hon. A. S. Mann, Crystal River, Hernando county.
Hon. D. C. Martin, Gainesville, Alachua county.
Hon. Miles Mountien, Vernon, Washington county.
Hon. J. H. McKinne, Marianna, Jackson county.
Hon. W. H. Neel, Orange, Liberty county.
Hon. W. T. Orman, Apalachicola, Franklin county.
Hon. C. B. Pendleton, Key West, Monroe county.
Hon. John E. Proctor, Tallahassee, Leon county.
Hon. H. L. R. Roberts, Lake City, Columbia county.
Hon. E. C. Sammis, Jacksonville, Duval county.
Hon. I. N. Sheppard, Chattahoochee, Gadsden county.
Hon. J. G. Speer, Oakland, Orange county.
Hon. J. N. Stripling, Madison, Madison county.
Hon. J. W. Whidden, Davidson, Manatee county.
Hon. H. S. Williams, Rockledge, Brevard county.
Secretary—Hon. Wm. MacWilliams, Italia, Nassau county.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Speaker—Hon. Robert W. Davis, Green Cove Spring, Clay county.

- Hon. E. J. Alexander, Madison, Madison county.
- Hon. H. Seagrave Adams, Oak Hill, Volusia county.
- Hon. Wm. L. Altman, White Springs, Hamilton county.
- Hon. R. W. Ashmore, Sopchoppy, Wakulla county.
- Hon. W. J. Brack, Kissimmee, Brevard county.
- Hon. E. H. Brewer, Archer, Levy county.
- Hon. J. W. Bryant, Lakeland, Polk county.
- Hon. W. A. Byrd, Monticello, Jefferson county.
- Hon. R. McS. Byrne, Fort Mason, Orange county.
- Hon. N. A. Carter, Fort Dade, Hernando county.
- Hon. T. P. Chaires, Old Town, Lafayette county.
- Hon. J. N. Clinton, Gainesville, Alachua county.
- Hon. D. Newman Cone, Benton, Columbia county.
- Hon. Z. T. Crawford, Pine Level, Manatee county.
- Hon. John Croft, Lake Butler, Bradford county.
- Hon. J. D. Emmons, William's Station, Escambia county.
- Hon. J. W. Ewan, Miami, via Key West, Dade county.
- Hon. Fernando Figueredo, Key West, Monroe county.
- Hon. Thomas Jefferson Forrest, Waldo, Alachua county.
- Hon. S. W. Frazier, Tallahassee, Leon county.
- Hon. B. C. Gibbes, Monticello, Jefferson county.
- Hon. T. V. Gibbs, Jacksonville, Duval county.
- Hon. H. L. Grady, Apalachicola, Franklin county.
- Hon. Wm. F. Green, Sterling, Holmes county.
- Hon. Otto Gudenrath, Florence, St. Johns county.
- Hon. W. P. Head, Plant City, Hillsborough county.
- Hon. Joseph Hicks, Georgetown, Putnam county.
- Hon. William Himes, Webster, Sumter county.
- Hon. U. C. Herndon, Sanderson, Baker county.
- Hon. W. F. Hughey, Madison, Madison county.
- Hon. Wm. James, Jacksonville, Duval county.
- Hon. J. R. Kelly, Perry, Taylor county.
- Hon. B. F. Kirk, Brooksville, Hernando county.
- Hon. G. W. Lyle, San Mateo, Putnam county.
- Hon. James McCaslin, Joella, Alachua county.

- Hon. J. A. McLean, Eucheeanna, Walton county.
 Hon. A. J. McLeod, Live Oak, Suwannee county.
 Hon. C. D. Monroe, Freeport, Walton county.
 Hon. W. C. Middleton, Moultrie, St. Johns county.
 Hon. D. W. Miller, Concord, Gadsden county.
 Hon. H. E. Miller, Ocala, Marion county.
 Hon. W. W. Miller, Vernon, Washington county.
 Hon. J. F. Niblack, Mikesville, Columbia county.
 Hon. A. B. Osgood, Madison, Madison county.
 Hon. W. B. Owen, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. Ed. Owens, Quincy, Gadsden county.
 Hon. S. T. Overstreet, Live Oak, Suwannee county.
 Hon. B. H. Palmer, Lake City, Columbia county.
 Hon. W. L. Peeples, Belmont, Hamilton county.
 Hon. J. P. Perkins, Fort Myers, Monroe county.
 Hon. C. J. Perrenot, Milton, Santa Rosa county.
 Hon. J. L. Powell, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Hon. Samuel Quincy, Levyville, Levy county.
 Hon. J. N. Richards, Wewahitchka, Calhoun county.
 Hon. J. A. Robinson, Greenwood, Jackson county.
 Hon. R. E. Robinson, Fernandina, Nassau county.
 Hon. B. M. Robinson, Sanford, Orange county.
 Hon. Benj. Rush, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Hon. J. C. Smythe, Aucilla, Jefferson county.
 Hon. C. Sneed, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. A. W. Snider, Mt. Pleasant, Gadsden county.
 Hon. L. E. Snow, Wildwood, Sumter county.
 Hon. M. J. Solomon, Bristol, Liberty county.
 Hon. J. M. Tate, Powelton, Escambia county.
 Hon. J. S. Taylor, Clear Water Harbor, Hillsborough county.
 Hon. W. W. Tumblin, Starke, Bradford county.
 Hon. D. S. Walker, Jr., Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. R. W. Washington, Monticello, Jefferson county.
 Hon. E. C. Weeks, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. G. W. Wetmore, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. A. C. White, Sneeds, Jackson county.
 Hon. W. A. Wilkerson, Flemington, Marion county.
 Hon. John Wilkinson, Fernandina, Nassau county.

Hon. J. Wilkinson, Jr., Otahte, Santa Rosa county.

Hon. J. E. Yonge, Pensacola, Escambia county.

Chief Clerk—Hon. Wm. H. Reynolds, Lakeland, Polk county.

THE CONVENTION.

The present Constitution of the State of Florida, adopted in 1868, provides the following mode of calling a Convention to change the organic law :

SEC. 2. If at any time the Legislature, by a vote of a majority of all the members elected to each of the two Houses, shall determine that it is necessary to cause a revision of this entire Constitution, such determination shall be entered upon their respective journals, with the yeas and nays thereon, and referred to the Legislature then next to be chosen, and shall be published for three months next preceding the time of making such choice. And if, in the Legislature next chosen aforesaid, such proposed revision shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to recommend to the electors of the next election for members of the Legislature to vote for or against a Convention; and if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting at such election shall have voted in favor of calling a Convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session, provide by law for a Convention, to be holden within six months after the passage of such law; and such Convention shall consist of a number of members not less than both branches of the Legislature. In determining what is a majority of the electors voting at such election reference shall be had to the highest number of votes cast at such election for the candidates for any office or [on] any question.

The advisability of calling a Convention to revise the Constitution of 1868 had for some years been discussed and considered with some degree of interest, and the Legislature of 1881 passed the following joint resolution :

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION Relating to the Calling of a Convention to Revise the Constitution.

WHEREAS, The present Constitution of this State is not in accord with the wishes of the people; therefore,

The People of the State of Florida, represented in Senate and Assembly, do resolve as follows: SECTION 1. That it is

the determination of this Legislature that it is necessary to cause a revision of the Constitution of the State of Florida; that this determination be entered upon the respective journals of the two houses of this Legislature, with the yeas and nays, and that the same is referred to the Legislature next hereafter to be chosen, and shall be published in at least three newspapers of this State for three months before the time for choosing the next Legislature.

During the session of the Legislature of 1883 an effort was made to pass an ordinance by that body calling a Convention, without first ascertaining by a vote the desires of the people, which was known as the "short cut" method. This, however, was a signal failure, and the Legislature passed the following joint resolutions :

JOINT RESOLUTION in Reference to a Constitutional Convention.

The People of the State of Florida, represented in Senate and Assembly, do resolve as follows : That this Legislature agree to the necessity for a revision of the entire Constitution of the State of Florida, contemplated by a joint resolution of the last Legislature, entitled a concurrent resolution relating to a call of a Convention to revise the Constitution, and duly published as required by Section 2, Article 17, of the Constitution of Florida.

JOINT RESOLUTION Recommending the Electors at the next General Election to Vote For or Against a Convention.

WHEREAS, The Legislature of 1881 did determine by a vote of a majority of all the members elected to each of the Houses thereof that it is necessary to cause a revision of the entire Constitution of this State, did enter such determination upon their respective journals, with the yeas and nays thereon, and did refer the same to the next Legislature then next to be chosen; and whereas, the Legislature next chosen as aforesaid, it being the Legislature of 1883, and now in session, does agree to such revision by a majority of all the members elected to each House thereof; and whereas, Section 2 of Article 17 of the Constitution makes it the duty of the present Legislature, in pursuance of the aforesaid premises, to recommend to the electors of the next election for members of the Legislature to vote for or against a Convention; therefore,

Resolved by the People of the State of Florida, represented in Senate and Assembly, That the electors of the next election for members of the Legislature are hereby recommended to vote for or against a Convention.

Resolved further, That the Secretary of State is hereby directed to incorporate, with the notice of the general election, to be held in 1884, a notice of the recommendation herein made, with proper instructions as to the mode of compliance with said recommendation.

In accordance with this resolution, at the general election for Presidential Electors, Congressmen and State officers held in November, 1884, a majority of the votes cast were "For a Convention," and the Legislature which assembled in Tallahassee in January, 1885, by virtue of authority vested in it by the Constitution of 1868, passed the following act:

AN ACT Calling a Constitutional Convention and Providing for Electing Delegates to Same.

The People of the State of Florida, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: SECTION 1. There shall be held by the delegates elected by the electors of the State of Florida, a Convention at the City of Tallahassee, in the State Capitol, beginning on the second Tuesday in June, 1885, for the purpose of making an entire revision of the Constitution of this State, and to provide for the submission of the same to the electors of the State at a general or special election for ratification.

SEC. 2. There shall be held throughout the State under the provisions of the election laws of the State on the first (1st) Tuesday in May, a general election for delegates to said Convention, which shall consist of one hundred and eight (108) members apportioned among the several counties and Senatorial Districts in accordance with the present representation in the Legislature. That the registration books of the several counties be opened in the various precincts for the registration of voters not now legally registered, from the first Monday in April, 1885, to ten days next preceding the election, and that the Clerk of the Circuit Court appoint registration officers for such precincts.

SEC. 3. After the passage of this act the Secretary of State shall cause notice to be given of the election provided for in the second section of this act, as is provided by law for notices of general election, excepting that such notice shall not be required to be published more than thirty days prior to and until the day of said election.

SEC. 4. That should any vacancy occur in said Convention, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order an election to fill such vacancy, to be held in the manner that the party by whom the vacancy was created was chosen, and the notice in case of

a vacancy in the membership of said Convention from a Senatorial District or county, shall be ten days.

SEC. 5. That it is the sense of this Legislature that the Constitution as revised shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for ratification by ballot.

Under and by virtue of this enactment an election for delegates to a Constitutional Convention was held throughout the State Tuesday, May 5, 1885. An unusually light vote was polled, and the following delegates were duly elected and returned.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

President, Hon. Samuel Pasco, Monticello, Jefferson county.
 Hon. H. C. Baker, Fernandia, Nassau county.
 Hon. Alex. Bell, Titusville, Brevard county.
 Hon. Thomas N. Bell, Jasper, Hamilton county.
 Hon. Wm. M. Bennett, Helena, Sumter county.
 Hon. L. W. Bethel, Key West, Monroe county.
 Hon. M. M. Blackburn, Live Oak, Suwannee county.
 Hon. Wm. A. Blount, Pensacola, Escambia county.
 Hon. John D. Broome, Enterprise, Volusia county.
 Hon. Wm. R. Bush, Lake City, Columbia county.
 Hon. Daniel Campbell, Eucheeanna, Walton county.
 Hon. Syd. L. Carter, Levyville, Levy county.
 Hon. W. B. Carr, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. L. D. Carson, Bristol, Liberty county.
 Hon. Jas. R. Challen, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. H. W. Chandler, Ocala, Marion county.
 Hon. Thomas L. Clarke, Monticello, Jefferson county.
 Hon. Thomas E. Clark, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Hon. J. P. Coker, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Hon. S. B. Conover, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. W. H. Cook, Palatka, Putnam county.
 Hon. J. W. Davidson, Lake Worth, Dade county.
 Hon. G. I. Davis, Mt. Pleasant, Gadsden county.
 Hon. H. H. Duncan, Leesburg, Sumter county.
 Hon. B. J. Earle, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Hon. Obadiah Edge, Eucheeanna, Walton county.
 Hon. Jeremiah Fogarty, Key West, Monroe county.

- Hon. G. P. Fowler, Palatka, Putnam county.
 Hon. F. B. Genovar, St. Augustine, St. Johns county.
 Hon. T. V. Gibbs, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. Irving Gillis, Palatka, Putnam county.
 Hon. J. P. B. Goodbread, Jasper, Hamilton county.
 Hon. J. D. Goss, Ocala, Marion county.
 Hon. J. C. Greeley, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. W. F. Green, Sterling, Holmes county.
 Hon. Amos Hargret, Crawfordville, Wakulla county.
 Hon. Paul Hatch, Hatch Bend, Lafayette county.
 Hon. Wm. H. Hausman, Madison, Madison county.
 Hon. J. A. Hendley, Brooksville, Hernando county.
 Hon. Robert Henderson, Shady Grove, Taylor county.
 Hon. John R. Herndon, Darbyville, Baker county.
 Hon. H. C. Hicks, Apalachicola, Franklin county.
 Hon. W. A. Hocker, Leesburg, Sumter county.
 Hon. S. E. Hope, Tampa, Hillsborough county.
 Hon. J. H. Humphries, Bartow, Polk county.
 Hon. W. T. Hunter, Darbyville, Baker county.
 Hon. W. M. Ives, Lake City, Columbia county.
 Hon. J. B. Johnston, Waldo, Alachua county.
 Hon. W. S. Jones, Lloyds, Jefferson county.
 Hon. J. M. Landrum, Milton, Santa Rosa county.
 Hon. J. T. Lesley, Tampa, Hillsborough county.
 Hon. C. W. Lewis, Fernandina, Nassau county.
 Hon. E. C. Love, Quincy, Gadsden county.
 Hon. E. J. Lutterloh, Cedar Key, Levy county.
 Hon. John W. Malone, Quincy, Gadsden county.
 Hon. Austin S. Mann, Crystal River, Hernando county.
 Hon. J. F. Marshall, Cedar Key, Levy county.
 Hon. A. E. Maxwell, Pensacola, Escambia county.
 Hon. H. E. Miller, Ocala, Marion county.
 Hon. Wm. H. Milton, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Hon. J. W. Mitchell, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. R. A. Monsalvatge, Key West, Monroe county.
 Hon. J. P. Morgan, Houston, Suwannee county.
 Hon. A. L. McCaskill, Eucheeanna, Walton county.
 Hon. J. F. McClellan, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Hon. A. D. McKinnon, Caryville, Washington county.

- Hon. John Neel, Sterling, Holmes county.
 Hon. E. L. Odom, Providence, Bradford county.
 Hon. B. F. Oliveros, St. Augustine, St. Johns county.
 Hon. W. T. Orman, Apalachicola, Franklin county.
 Hon. H. L. Parker, Titusville, Brevard county.
 Hon. R. C. Parkhill, Monticello, Jefferson county.
 Hon. John Parsons, Bay Port, Hernando county.
 Hon. Angus Paterson, Madison, Madison county.
 Hon. John C. Pelot, Manatee, Manatee county.
 Hon. S. Petty, Fernandina, Nassau county.
 Hon. E. M. Randall, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. Theodore Randall, Madison, Madison county.
 Hon. Wm. B. Randolph, Orlando, Orange county.
 Hon. J. C. Richard, Starke, Bradford county.
 Hon. R. R. Robertson, Milton, Santa Rosa county.
 Hon. R. F. Rogers, Lake City, Suwannee county.
 Hon. Hannibal Rowe, Milton, Santa Rosa county.
 Hon. E. C. F. Sanchez, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Hon. N. T. Scott, Concord, Gadsden county.
 Hon. W. N. Sheats, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Hon. J. G. Speer, Oakland, Orange county.
 Hon. J. B. Stone, Abe's Spring, Calhoun county.
 Hon. T. F. Swearingen, Crawfordville, Waukulla county.
 Hon. R. F. Taylor, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Hon. W. B. Tedder, Shady Grove, Taylor county.
 Hon. Wm. F. Thompson, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. Jas. M. Tolbert, Lake City, Columbia county.
 Hon. John W. Tompkins, Lake City, Columbia county.
 Hon. S. J. Turnbull, Monticello, Jefferson county.
 Hon. B. D. Wadsworth, Madison, Madison county.
 Hon. D. S. Walker, Jr., Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Hon. J. P. Wall, Tampa, Hillsborough county.
 Hon. Philip Walter, Jacksonville, Duval county.
 Hon. W. T. Weeks, Providence, Bradford county.
 Hon. A. L. Wellman, Enterprise, Volusia county.
 Hon. John Westcott, St. Augustine, St. Johns county.
 Hon. E. Whitmire, Ferry Pass, Escambia county.
 Hon. Lewis Wilson, Wilderness, Clay county.

Hon. Chas. C. Wilson, Fort Meade, Polk county.
 Hon. King Wyly, Orlando, Orange county.
 Hon. Jas. E. Yonge, Pensacola, Escambia county.
 Hon. Alex. Zipperer, Jasper, Hamilton county.

OFFICERS.

Secretary, W. H. Reynolds, Bartow, Polk county.
 First Assistant Secretary, D. M. McAlpin, Live Oak, Su-
 wannee county.
 Reading Clerk, G. A. K. Stevens, Bartow, Polk county.
 Recording Clerk, J. C. Clark, Starke, Bradford county.
 Engrossing Clerk, Milton J. Bryan, Jasper, Hamilton
 county.
 Sergeant-at-Arms, J. J. Thompson, Gainesville, Alachua
 county.
 Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, W. J. Callaway, Marianna, Jack-
 son county.
 Chaplain, Rev. A. C. McCants.
 Messenger, George Dice, Madison, Madison county.
 Messenger, Willis M. Myers, Gainesville, Alachua county.
 Page, Glover Miller, Ocala, Marion county.
 Page, Charles Hopkins, Tallahassee, Leon county.
 Page, Eugene Hawkins, Marianna, Jackson county.
 Page, W. J. Johnston, Waldo, Alachua county.
 Page, H. W. Fowler, Palatka, Putnam county.

 BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

 PRESIDENT OF THE CONVENTION.

Hon. Samuel Pasco was born in London, England, and removed to Massachusetts with his father when quite young. He attended the public schools of Boston and Charlestown, and in due time entered Harvard, graduating in 1858. He came to Florida in January, 1859, to accept the appointment of Principal of the Waukeenh Academy, and has since that time been an honored citizen of Jefferson county. In July, 1861, he volunteered as a private in the Jefferson Rifles, which company was placed in the Third Florida Regiment. At

Missionary Ridge he was wounded and taken prisoner, remaining in the hands of his captors till a few weeks before the final surrender, when he returned to Florida. He was elected Clerk of the Circuit Court in 1865, and in 1868 commenced the practice of law, and by his native ability and persistent application has built up a large and lucrative practice. In 1876 he was chosen Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee, and has ever since held that important position. To his able management of the canvass is due, in a large measure, the success of the Democratic party, which resulted in the overthrow of Republican rule and the establishment of good government once more in the State. Since 1880 he has been a member of the National Democratic Executive Committee; was a Presidential Elector in 1880, and led his ticket. In 1884 Mr. Pasco was one of the three men most prominently spoken of for the Governorship, but finally withdrew in the Nominating Convention in favor of Gov. Edward A. Perry, and on his motion Gen. Perry was unanimously nominated. For several years he has been one of the most prominent and popular men in the State. Although Jefferson is a Republican county, Mr. Pasco was, without opposition, elected to represent the Senatorial District in the Constitutional Convention.

Mr. Pasco was elected President of the Convention without division, receiving every vote cast. As a presiding officer he is prompt and impartial in his rulings, which contributes largely to the dispatch of business.

DELEGATES.

Hon. Wm. A. Blount, one of the delegates from Escambia county, was born October 25, 1851, in Clarke county, Alabama. When quite young he removed to Florida with his father. He was educated at the University of Georgia, where he took a high stand, graduating with distinction. After acquiring a thorough acquaintance with the general principles of law in the office of United States Senator C. W. Jones, he was admitted to the bar and at once entered upon a successful business and professional career, which has been uninterrupted and lucrative. Mr. Blount is one of the foremost lawyers in the

State, and has won many conspicuous legal victories. For several years he has been attorney for the city of Pensacola, and was a member of the School Board for two years. He is attorney for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, and attorney for and director in the Pensacola and Atlantic, and Pensacola and Perdido Railroad Companies. Being one of the recognized leaders of the Democracy, he has been made a delegate to all the State and Congressional Conventions since 1876. He was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Convention practically without opposition.

Major Wm. H. Milton, of Jackson county, was born December 4, 1829, in Jefferson county, Ga. During his youth he lived on a farm, and attended the common schools of his county. In 1846 he removed with his father to Jackson county, Fla., where he has since been a useful and honored citizen. He entered the University of Georgia in 1847, and graduated with honors in 1850. Upon his return to Florida he was elected Clerk of the Assembly. Was admitted to the bar in 1851, and has been three times appointed District Attorney, which office he now holds. For four years he was Judge of Probate. During the war; while his father was Governor, he was Adjutant General of the State. He acted for many years as Chairman of the Jackson County Executive Committee. In 1882 he was elected to the Legislature, and did good service in that body. Major Milton is a fine lawyer, a good business man, and highly respected by all who know him.

Judge Edwin M. Randall, delegate from the Eighteenth Senatorial District of Duval county, was born April 5, 1822, at Ames, Montgomery county, N. Y. After receiving a thorough education he commenced the study of law, and having removed to Wisconsin, became District Attorney in that State, which office he held for three years. From 1864 to 1866 he was Louisiana Tax Commissioner. Soon after this he removed to Florida, and was, in 1868, appointed Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court, and presided over that important tribunal till January, 1885, when he resigned and again commenced the practice of law. He is senior member of the

eminent law firm of Randall, Walkers & Foster. Judge Randall has always been a close student, and his thorough knowledge of the law, and his experience in applying it to cases, have made him master of his profession. While Judge he presided with dignity, ability and impartiality. He is one of the most prominent men in the Convention. In politics he is a Republican.

Hon. D. S. Walker, Jr., is son of ex-Governor, now Judge, David S. Walker, Sr.; was born October 20, 1848, in the city of Tallahassee, Fla. While a boy he attended the West Florida Seminary, and at the age of fourteen enlisted as a soldier in the Confederate army, in which he served several months, but was discharged because of his youthful age. Soon after this he attended one session at Howard College, Marion, Ala., after which he joined Capt. King's Independent Cavalry Company in Alabama, serving some time, but returned to Florida and entered Capt. Houstoun's Artillery Company and served to the end of the war. After the surrender he was employed in the Internal Revenue Department under Mr. M. A. Williams, who was Collector. Afterwards he lived for several years in Live Oak, Jacksonville, Sumter county and other places, engaged in different employments; after which he moved to Jefferson county and engaged in planting for two years, returning to Tallahassee in 1874 and commenced the practice of law. Mr. Walker was the first representative white man to break the Republican ranks after the war, and was three times elected Mayor of Tallahassee. In 1884 the Republican County Convention unanimously passed a resolution requesting Mr. Walker to run for the Legislature, reciting the confidence of the convention in his properly representing the interest of the whole people regardless of politics. He accepted and was overwhelmingly elected. In the Legislature he proved one of the ablest and most conservative members. Serving on several important committees and ever vigilant and faithful, he did much in shaping the course of legislation. In politics Mr. Walker is a Democrat, but appreciates and acts upon a sentiment of liberality in political matters, and sometimes acts independently of partisan management. Mr.

Walker is a lawyer and considers this his only business. He is not a politician, has no political aspirations, and has been brought into politics by force of circumstances and not of his own inclinations. He was elected without opposition delegate from the Eighth District. Is an Episcopalian; was never married.

Hon. Livingston W. Bethel, delegate from Monroe county, was born October 26, 1845, at Nassau, New Providence, and came to Key West, Fla., with his parents in 1847, residing there ever since. After attending preparatory schools, he entered Hobart College, New York. At the outbreak of the civil war he returned home, and continued his studies privately. He studied law in the office of United States District Attorney Plantz, and was admitted to the bar in 1869. For three years he was County Solicitor for Monroe county, and has been five times elected Mayor of the city of Key West. In June, 1880, he was nominated for Lieutenant Governor at Gainesville on the ticket with Hon. W. D. Bloxham, the nominee for Governor, and was elected the following November. Inaugurated in January, 1881. He presided over the State Senate during two sessions, his term expiring in January, 1885. Mr. Bethel is a talented and learned gentleman, a leading lawyer, and very popular among all classes of his constituents. In politics he is a Democrat, and was elected to this Convention without opposition.

Hon. James F. McClellan, of Jackson county, was born in Sullivan county, Tenn., August 13, 1824. During his youth he lived on a farm, and attended the common schools of his neighborhood. After this he spent two years at Jefferson Academy; having studied law, he was licensed to practice in 1845. In December, 1846, he came to Florida for his health, and settled in Marianna, where he now stands at the head of the bar. During the war he was Captain in the Second Florida Regiment, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fourth Florida Battalion. In 1876 he was elected to the Legislature, and re-elected in 1878 and 1882, when he was chosen temporary Speaker. He is the author of McClellan's Digest of the Laws of Florida, published in 1881. He is a gentleman of extensive

information and ripe experience, a fine lawyer, and possesses rare executive ability. President Cleveland appointed him Surveyor General of Florida in April, 1885, and he was overwhelmingly elected to this Convention. In politics he is a staunch Democrat.

Hon. Irving Gillis is a Conservative Democrat and is a delegate from Putnam county. He was born April 24, 1857, in Palatka, Fla. He studied law privately and is now a member of the firm of Calhoun & Gillis. Mr. Gillis is a young practitioner of great promise, and is exceedingly popular in his county. He is an Alderman of Palatka, and was elected to the Convention by a handsome majority in a county which usually goes Republican.

Hon. B. B. Blackwell, State's Attorney for the Third Judicial Circuit, was born April 30, 1852, in Hamilton county, Tenn. His father entered the Confederate army, and the subject of this sketch moved with his mother to Florida in 1863. He attended the common schools, but was educated chiefly by private study. At the age of twenty he began the study of law under Col. John F. White, at Live Oak, and was admitted to the bar in 1872, on the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. Soon after he commenced to practice, and for a while edited a paper in his county. In 1880 he was a delegate to the convention which nominated Hon. Wm. D. Bloxham for Governor, by whom he was appointed, in April, 1882, State's Attorney for the Third Judicial Circuit, which office he now holds. In the following November he was elected to the Legislature, in which he served with distinction. Mr. Blackwell has made an enviable reputation by close attention to his duties and his success at the bar.

Hon. Henry C. Baker, of Nassau county, was born December 13, 1852, in Frederick county, Md. When quite young he was forced to leave school on account of weak eyes, and engaged in mercantile pursuits. In 1873 he moved to Washington, D. C., where he remained till 1880, when he removed to Florida, and became largely interested in the lumber business at Woodstock, on the St. Marys river. In 1882 he was elected to the State Senate, and he now represents the Sixteenth Dis-

trict in that august body. Mr. Baker is a Republican, and was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Convention by a violent majority. Since his removal to this State he has been prominent in the Republican councils, and was Secretary to the Republican State Executive Committee during the campaign of 1884.

Hon. Edmund Whitmire, of Escambia county, was born January 19, 1821, in Conecuh county, Ala. Removing to Florida, he eventually became largely interested in the lumber and shipping business. For many years he has been a substantial citizen of Escambia county, wielding much influence among the people by reason of his high integrity, force of character and business capacity, and making many lasting friendships among those who know him best. He is a worthy representative of the vast timber interests of the State. In politics he is a staunch Democrat.

Hon. S. B. Conover was born in New Jersey, September 23, 1840; he graduated as a Doctor of Medicine and entered the United States Army as a medical officer in 1863, serving in the hospitals at Nashville, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and Detroit; in 1866 he came to Florida in the same capacity, and was stationed at Lake City. After the passage and promulgation of the reconstruction acts, he took an active interest in the reconstruction of Florida; was elected to represent the counties of Columbia and Baker in the Constitutional Convention of 1868, and was a conspicuous advocate of the most conservative measures of the present Constitution. In August, 1868, Dr. Conover entered Governor Reed's Cabinet as State Treasurer; in November, 1872, he was elected to the Legislature from Leon county by over 500 majority over the candidate backed by the Republican Executive Committee. Retiring from the office of State Treasurer in January, 1873, he took his seat in the Legislature, and was elected Speaker of that body on the first ballot. During the exciting days of the Legislature of 1873, when both parties were of equal strength, Dr. Conover was elected United States Senator for six years from March 4, 1873, receiving 22 Republican and 21 Democratic votes. While a member of the Senate in 1878, and during his absence from

the State, he was nominated for Congress in the First Florida District by the Republicans, but was defeated by Col. R. H. M. Davidson. In 1880 Dr. Conover was nominated for Governor, and was defeated by Gov. W. D. Bloxham. He has since given his attention to his profession, and is engaged in its practice in Tallahassee.

Hon. Thomas V. Gibbs, of Duval county, was born September 16, 1855, at Troy, N. Y. In 1866 he came to Florida with his father, Hon. Jonathan C. Gibbs, who was Secretary of State during Gov. Reed's administration, and Superintendent of Public Instruction in Gov. Hart's cabinet. After attending Howard University, young Gibbs was appointed a Cadet at West Point in 1872. Subsequently he attended Oberlin College, and in 1875 he commenced teaching school as Principal of the Oakland Graded School, near Jacksonville, which place he filled for several years to the entire satisfaction of the School Board. In November, 1884, he was elected to the thirteenth session of the State Legislature, where he won the respect and confidence of even his political opponents by his decorous deportment and conservative action. He was unanimously elected to this Convention, having been a candidate on both tickets. He is one of the most learned and intelligent men of his race, and is now a journalist of some repute.

Mr. James R. Challen, of Duval, was born July 3, 1834, in Lexington, Ky. He was educated at Woodward College, Cincinnati, Bethany College, Virginia, and Northwestern Christian University, Indiana. For five years he was a professor in the latter institution. He served as Lieutenant-Colonel in the Union army during the war. After practicing law in Cincinnati twenty years, he removed to Florida in 1883, and still pursues his profession. In politics he is a Republican.

Hon. H. W. Chandler is a Republican delegate from the Nineteenth Senatorial District, comprising the county of Marion. He was born in Bath, Maine, September 22, 1852; after thorough preparation in the common schools he entered Bates College, Lewiston, Maine, and graduated with the degree of A. B., June, 1874. After this he was Instructor in the Normal Department of Howard University, Washington, D. C., and at

the same time a student in the Law Department of that University. In 1876 he located at Ocala, Marion county, Fla., where he taught school. In 1878 he was admitted to the bar and commenced the practice of law. In 1880 he was elected to the State Senate, and re-elected in 1884. He is a Republican in politics and a lawyer by profession.

Hon. Lewis Wilson, of Clay county, was born in Duval county, Fla., but for a long while has been a resident of the county he so ably represents. For twelve years he was County Commissioner, and has held other places of trust and responsibility. He is a progressive and prosperous farmer, and is exceedingly popular among his people. He is a worthy representative of the best interests of his county, and was overwhelmingly elected as a straightout Democrat.

Hon. B. F. Oliveros, of St. Johns county, was born at St. Augustine, Fla., November 10, 1831. When quite young he entered a business house in Savannah, Ga., and there received a thorough practical knowledge of the principles which underlie all success in commercial life. Mr. Oliveros is a staunch business man, and an earnest Democrat. He has been a delegate to nearly all the State Conventions since 1868; served six years in the State Senate, two years in the Assembly, and has been elected Alderman of St. Augustine several times. For twelve years he has been Clerk of the Circuit Court for St. Johns county, and is an efficient and capable officer.

Hon. James M. Landrum, of Santa Rosa county, was born in Edgefield, S. C., September 25, 1809. After receiving a liberal education, he read law in the office of Hon. John Jeter, of the Edgefield bar. After this he engaged in mercantile pursuits, and in 1845 removed to Florida, where he commenced the practice of law, and in 1848 was elected to the Legislature. Having been elected Solicitor for the Western Judicial Circuit in 1849, he held this important trust nearly twenty years. He was an influential member of the Constitutional Convention of 1865, and before the war was repeatedly urged to become a candidate for Congress, but he steadily declined, preferring to remain a private citizen of his adopted State. In 1882 he was elected to the State Senate, and is one of its most respected

and valued members. He was elected to represent the Senatorial District of Santa Rosa county, and is a Democrat in politics.

Hon. Norman T. Scott, Democratic delegate from Gadsden county, was born in Houston county, Ga., February 2, 1828. He received an academic education at Perry, Houston county, Ga., and removed to Florida when quite a young man, and has since been a resident of the county he represents in the Convention. He was a member of the State Legislature from 1861 to 1864. The fact that he has been Justice of the Peace, County Commissioner and Tax Assessor proves that he has the confidence of his constituents in a marked degree. Col. Scott is a farmer by profession, and in religion a Baptist.

Hon. Theodore Randall is a Democrat, and was elected a delegate from Madison county. He was born at Newberry C. H., S. C., January 31, 1847. He removed to Florida, and became a prosperous and influential farmer. Mr. Randall has never before held office, but his sterling worth and industrious habits make him a useful member of the Convention.

Hon. John W. Mitchell, delegate from Leon county, was born in Gadsden county in 1856. His educational advantages were very limited, but he studied privately while a youth. Afterwards he read law, and was admitted to the bar of the Second Judicial Circuit in 1872. In 1879 he resigned the office of Justice of the Peace, to which he had been appointed by Gov. Drew, and went to Hot Springs, Ark., where he was employed for some time. Returning to Leon county in 1880, he commenced the practice of law. During the past few years Mr. Mitchell has been prominently identified with the politics of his county, and being a ready and forcible speaker he wielded much influence among his political friends. He is a Republican, and a lawyer of some reputation.

Hon. John P. B. Goodbread, of Hamilton county, represents the Eleventh Senatorial District. He was born December 3, 1842, in Nassau county, Fla. Entering the Confederate service at the outbreak of the war, he was made a commissioned officer before he attained his majority. After serving with marked

gallantry, he was captured at Missionary Ridge November 25, 1863, and was confined in prison at Johnson's Island from December 7, 1863, to June 13, 1865. In July, 1865, he returned to his home and engaged in farming and milling. He served as Tax Collector for Hamilton county two years, and discharged the duties of the office with honor and credit. Capt. Goodbread is an Independent Democrat, and was elected to the Convention by a large majority.

Capt. James D. Goss, of Marion county, was born in Newton county, Ga., in 1828. While quite young his father moved to Troup county, Ga., where the subject of this sketch received a common school education. After he became of age he engaged in mercantile pursuits in New Orleans, Montgomery and other places. Moving to this State in 1872, he embarked in the lumber business, in which he has become prominent. Before the war he was a Democrat; after the surrender he cast his fortunes with the Republicans, and has since been loyal to the principles of that party. He was elected to the Florida Legislature from Marion county in 1878, and was chosen delegate by a large majority. His brother, Judge J. H. Goss, is a prominent lawyer in Florida, was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1868, of the State Senate, and Judge of the Fifth Circuit for eight years.

Hon. Thomas F. Swearingen, who represents the Senatorial District of Wakulla and Liberty in the Convention, was born in Dooley county, Ga., August 11, 1831; was raised on a farm and received a good common school education. In 1856 he removed to Florida and settled in Wakulla county, where he has since been an influential citizen, engaging in farming and stock raising. In 1861 he entered the Confederate service as First Lieutenant in Company D, Third Florida Infantry. He served with fidelity till the close of the war, when he returned home and resumed his farming operations. Was a member of the Florida Legislature from 1872 to 1874, and in 1882 was elected State Senator to fill the unexpired term of Hon. John L. Crawford, appointed Secretary of State. Mr. Swearingen is a gentleman of decided force of character and unflinching integrity. He is a Democrat, and was elected a delegate with-

out opposition. He is an honored member of the Methodist Church.

Hon. John W. Tompkins, of Columbia county, was born October 17, 1836, in the county he represents. He received a good common school education and engaged in general merchandise till the civil war began, when he entered the Confederate army as a private and served with valor and fidelity in the Army of Virginia until the surrender at Appomattox Court House, Va. After this he returned to his native county and engaged in farming. For several sessions successively he was Journal Clerk of the Assembly. Gov. Hart appointed him Sheriff of Columbia county in 1874, and he served as such two years. In 1882 he was elected to the Legislature as an Independent. He is a Republican in politics and was elected a delegate to the Convention by a large majority.

N Hon. William F. Thompson, delegate from Leon county, was born in Thomas county, Ga., October 15, 1852. He is a self-made man, having attended only the common schools. By perseverance and application he has won distinction among his race, having been appointed Justice of the Peace in 1873, elected to the Legislature in 1877, and City Tax Assessor for Tallahassee in 1884. Mr. Thompson is married and has two children; is an attorney at law and school teacher, thus showing the capacity of the colored man when properly applied. He is a Republican and a member of the African Methodist Church.

Hon. Joseph M. Tolbert is one of the Democratic delegates to the Constitutional Convention from Columbia county. He was born January 31, 1841, in Abbeville county, S. C., and moved to Columbia county in 1860, where he has since resided. In 1861 he entered the Confederate service as private in Company D, Second Florida Infantry, and was seriously wounded in the battle of Williamsburg, Va. Being soon after elected Lieutenant, he led one of the last charges made in the late war and was in command of three companies at the Appomattox surrender. Capt. Tolbert was Chairman of the County School Board for two years, and was a member of the Legislature of 1881, in which he proved an able and useful member.

It was in recognition of his past service as a citizen and official that the people of his county elected him a delegate by 500 majority.

Hon. B. D. Wadsworth, of Madison county, was born in Marion county, Ga. About thirty years ago he removed to Florida, and has since been a resident of Madison county. He served three years in the Confederate service as a private, and participated in the principal battles fought in Florida, notably those of Ocean Pond and Natural Bridge. For four years he was Tax Assessor and is now Collector of Revenue for Madison county. In politics he is a Democrat.

Hon. Philip Walter, Republican member from Duval county, was born April 20, 1843, in London, England. For many years he has lived in different places in Florida, holding many offices of trust and responsibility. From April, 1874, to April, 1875, he was Tax Collector of the city of Jacksonville. For several years he has been United States Commissioner, Chief Supervisor of Elections, and Clerk of United States Courts in Florida. He is a lawyer by profession and possesses rare business qualifications.

Hon. Henry C. Hicks, of Franklin county, was born at Louisville, Kentucky, and was educated at the Kentucky University in that city, graduating in the law department thereof in 1845. In 1855 he removed to Texas and became United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Texas, and served two terms in the Legislature of that State. He first came to Florida in 1873, but did not settle in the State until 1878, when he located in Franklin county, and by his professional skill and unyielding integrity, soon acquired a fine business, and is now a prominent and highly respected citizen. In politics he is a Democrat.

Hon. John F. Marshall, of Levy county, was born June 4, 1830, in Abbeville District, South Carolina. After attending the schools of his native State he spent two years at that renowned institution of learning, the University of Virginia. For several years he practiced law at Austin, Texas, afterwards removing to Catohoula parish, Louisiana. He was three

times, successively, elected Judge of the Parish Court, and represented the Twenty-Fourth Senatorial District in the Convention of 1879, which framed the present Constitution of Louisiana. In 1883 he removed to Florida and settled in Levy county, where he has become prominent for his learning, ability and experience. He is an attorney of wide information and a successful business man. His experience in Legislative bodies serve to make him a useful member of the Convention to which he was elected without opposition.

Hon. James E. Yonge, delegate from the First Senatorial District, was born at Marianna, Florida, September 12, 1851. While a youth, his father, Col. C. C. Yonge, lived in Tallahassee and afterwards removed to Pensacola. General Yonge graduated with high honors at the University of Georgia, in 1872. Upon his return from college he was admitted to the bar and at once came to the front as an able and successful attorney. In 1876 he was placed at the head of the electoral ticket of his native State, and was elected to the Legislature in 1878. In 1880 he was again made a Presidential Elector; he was a delegate to the Gainesville Convention and in a beautiful speech nominated Hon. Wm. D. Bloxham for Governor, by whom he was appointed Adjutant General of the State, which office he held for four years; in 1884 he was again elected to the Legislature, and during the session of 1885 was the recognized leader of that body. The people of Escambia county, recognizing his ability and eminent services, overwhelmingly elected him delegate to the Constitutional Convention. General Yonge is a talented young gentleman of rare attainments. As an orator, he has few equals; fluent, graceful and eloquent in speech, he attracts the undivided attention of his hearers and charms all who come in contact with him. Since his return from college he has been prominent as an advocate and in the politics of this State.

Hon. Wm. H. Cook, delegate from the Seventeenth Senatorial District, composed of the county of Putnam, was born in Carroll county, New Hampshire May 18, 1844, and was educated at Madison and Tamworth, in his native county. In

1876 he was elected to the New Hampshire Legislature; the next year he was a member of the School Board of Nashua, and in 1878 was elected Mayor of Nashua. For twenty years he was connected with the Nashua Lock Manufactory and was general manager of that institution for ten years. In the fall of 1879 he removed to Florida and settled in Putnam county, where he has, by his ability and industry, built up a large business. He is now President of the Board of County Commissioners of Putnam county. Mr. Cook is deeply interested in the development of his adopted State and has extensive business relations in his county.

Hon. James P. Morgan, delegate from the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, was born in Henderson county, N. C., June 2, 1834. In 1846 he removed to Alabama, and attended school in that State. He lived in Monroe county, Miss., in 1852, and afterwards returned to Marshall county, Ala., where he lived till July, 1859, when he came to Florida and settled in Suwannee county, where he has since been a prominent and influential merchant. In the early part of the war he was in the First Florida Regiment. He joined the First Florida Cavalry in 1862, and served through the war in Tennessee. Mr. Morgan conducts a large mercantile business in Houston, Suwannee county, and has long been a useful and highly respected citizen. Recognizing his good qualities, his people sent him, by a large majority, to represent the Twenty-sixth District in the Constitutional Convention.

Hon. Paul Hatch, of Lafayette county, was born December 17, 1837, in Early county, Ga., and came to Florida in 1842; received his education in the common schools and by his private exertions. He served in the Seminole war of 1857-8; was in Company C, Eighth Florida Regiment, in the Confederate service during the war; was wounded at Gettysburg, taken prisoner and confined in Fort Delaware till the close of the war, when he returned home and engaged in farming. He was County Commissioner of his county for eight years, and was overwhelmingly elected to the Convention.

Hon. Thomas N. Bell, of Hamilton, was born September 29, 1842, in the county he represents. His education was obtained

by his own private exertions. He served as a private in company E 2d Florida Cavalry, and was wounded in the battle of Chickamauga; was taken prisoner at Missionary Ridge and confined by his captors for 15 months, after which he was paroled with the sick and wounded. He is a farmer by occupation, and has been Sheriff, Justice of the Peace, County Commissioner, County Judge of his county, and was elected to the Legislature in 1878. In politics he is a Democrat. His father represented Hamilton county in the Territorial Legislature.

Hon. Samuel J. Turnbull was born in Jefferson county, Fla., on February 2, 1838. His father, Dr. Junius Turnbull, was a distinguished physician and a gentleman of great moral worth. His mother, a most excellent lady, was the daughter of the late Col. Richard Parish, whose memory is held in high regard by the early settlers of this State. Samuel J. Turnbull graduated at Emory College, Oxford, Ga., in 1859. His first wife was a daughter of the greatly respected Mr. David Williams, of Monticello, Fla. He entered the army in 1861, and was an officer in the Fifth Regiment of Perry's Brigade. He went through the war, and was a prisoner for nine months at Fort Delaware. He came home after the surrender, and his first wife having died, married Miss Virginia C. Finlayson, daughter of the late Col. John Finlayson, of Jefferson county—a gentleman widely known and greatly respected throughout the State. Mr. Turnbull is a prosperous and successful planter. He has never before filled any political position, though he has always been abreast with the foremost in patriotic efforts to rid the State of carpet-bag rule. He is an excellent member of the Convention. The whole State may congratulate itself on his election.

Hon. Charles Cooper Wilson, delegate from the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Polk and Manatee, was born in Polk county, Fla., December 28, 1858. His early educational advantages were limited, but he utilized every opportunity to acquire information, and in 1881 he attended Prof. Minor's Summer Law Course at the University of Virginia, and afterwards graduated in law at Wash-

ington and Lee College, Va., in June, 1882. Though yet young, Mr. Wilson has made quite a reputation as an able advocate, and by his affable manner and generous disposition has made many friends. He is a ready and attractive speaker, and a bright future is before him. Mr. Wilson is the youngest member of the Convention, but is making his mark as a good worker and able debater.

Hon. William M. Bennett, delegate from Sumter county, was born March 11, 1844, of English parentage, and has spent the greater portion of his life in Buffalo, New York, where he was among the most active workers in Fraternal Benevolent Societies, was presiding officer of the most influential Workingman's Society in New York, and was publisher and editor of the *Buffalo United Workmen*. His health failed under the burden which his eminent and responsible business associations imposed and he came to Florida to regain his native, vigorous physique. He settled at Helena, Sumter county, Florida, and soon acquired a large and profitable mercantile trade. Enterprising and generous he gives liberally for school and railroad purposes and takes a lively interest in local improvements. In politics he is a liberal Democrat, and has repeatedly refused political offices. His sterling worth and diligent habits make him a useful member of the Convention.

Hon. William H. Hausman, although a staunch Democrat, was elected by a large majority in the Republican county of Madison. He was born April 21, 1821, in Alsace, France, and removed with his parents to this county in 1836. After receiving a liberal education he engaged in mercantile pursuits in Louisiana; was married in 1844 to Miss Isaure Josephine De Bustamanti, of New Orleans, a niece of Don Carlos De Bustamanti, ex-President of Mexico, and of Hon. Charles Gayarre, the historian of New Orleans, by whom he has two sons and three daughters—all married. In 1845 he moved to Columbia, S. C., and afterwards, in 1848, to Savannah, Ga., following mercantile pursuits until the commencement of the civil war, in which he served as Captain of Company A, Second Georgia Artillery Battalion, on the Confederate side, from 1862 to the close of the war. In 1866 he settled in Madison,

where he has since been a prominent merchant, farmer and insurance agent. In 1873 Governor Hart appointed him County Treasurer, but he declined. In 1883 he was Mayor of Madison, and was several times delegate to State and Congressional Conventions, always serving on important committees. Capt. Hausman speaks and writes several languages fluently, and is an honored and valuable citizen. His wife died in 1882.

Hon. Jonathan C. Greeley, Republican delegate from Duval county, was born July 6, 1833, in Palermo, Waldo county, Maine. He came to Florida October, 1852, with severe lung troubles, from which he has entirely recovered. In 1854 he was elected Alderman of the city of Palatka, and in 1862 and 1863 represented Putnam county in the Legislature. Soon after he removed to Duval, and was Treasurer of that county until 1876. In 1873 he was elected Mayor of Jacksonville, and in 1882 was elected State Senator, resigning in 1884 when he became the Independent candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, but was defeated by Mr. Mabry. For several years he was Assistant Assessor and Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. From 1874 to 1878 he was cashier of Florida Savings Bank, and since the latter date has been President of that thriving institution. Mr. Greeley is one of the ablest and most conservative Republicans in the State, and is a business man of wide-spread reputation.

Hon. John R. Herndon, who represents the Senatorial District of Baker and Clay counties in the Constitutional Convention, was born January 14, 1834, in Appling county, Ga., and has long been a valued and influential citizen of Baker county. His father was a Methodist minister, and the younger Herndon was raised on a farm. He entered the Confederate service as a private, was promoted for fidelity, and served in the Army of Northern Virginia under Gen. R. E. Lee. Besides holding several other positions of trust, he has been County Judge, Justice of the Peace and Tax Collector in his county. Mr. Herndon is a practical business man, and is very popular in his district.

Hon. William A. Hocker, delegate from the Twenty-third

Senatorial District of Sumter county, was born December 5, 1844, in Buckingham county, Va. After receiving a thorough education he commenced the study of law, and in due time was admitted to the bar. In 1876 he was elected to the Legislature, and was Chairman of the Railroad Committee. Gov. Drew appointed him State Attorney for the Fifth Judicial Circuit September 9, 1877, and he has since held that important position, always faithful in the discharge of his duties and ever watchful to preserve the best interests of the State. Mr. Hocker is a law partner of Lieut.-Gov. Mabry, and is a gentleman of marked ability and exceedingly popular. Being a ready and fluent speaker, he has built up a handsomely remunerative practice.

Hon. Washington M. Ives, of Columbia county, was born September 29, 1835, at St. Augustine, Fla., but has resided at Lake City almost continuously since 1844. In 1875 he was elected Mayor of Lake City, and re-elected in 1876; was elected Clerk and Treasurer of the town in 1877, and has since been, without opposition, seven times successively elected to that office, which he now holds. In 1877 he was appointed County Judge for Columbia county, and has since held that office. The Republicans of Columbia nominated him as delegate to the Constitutional Convention, but notwithstanding the fact that the Democrats nominated a candidate in opposition to him, he received the votes of both parties and was overwhelmingly elected. Mr. Ives served with distinction in the war, and was several times promoted and complimented for fearless and faithful service. The fact that he has so long held various offices in the gift of the people is illustrative of his ability and popularity; he is one of the most prominent and popular lawyers in his section of the State.

Hon. John T. Lesley, delegate from the Thirtieth Senatorial District, of Hillsborough county, was born May 12, 1835, in Madison county, Florida; received a thorough common school education, and lived on a farm during his early life. He served as private in the Indian war of 1856-'7; was elected Lieutenant of his company towards the close of the war, and won many honors for gallant services. Throughout the civil

war he served as Captain, and was, for distinguished services, promoted to a Colonelcy. He has been Sheriff, Tax Collector and Assessor of his adopted county. In 1876 he was elected to the Lower House of the Florida Legislature, and in 1878 was elected to the State Senate; resigned in 1880, and re-elected to the Senate in 1882, of which body he is now one of the most influential members. Col. Lesley has large and varied interests in South Florida, and is considered one of the best business men in the State. The people of his county, recognizing his ability and fidelity, have, without division, sent him to represent them in the Constitutional Convention. Col. Lesley is a staunch Democrat, and in his religious views a Methodist.

Hon. R. Alfred Monsalvatge, of Monroe county, was born September 14, 1854, in New York city. For the last six years he has been a prosperous citizen of Key West. In 1882 he was elected Alderman of the city of Key West, and became President of the Board of Aldermen. In 1883 he was elected Mayor of Key West, and in 1884 was a delegate to the State Convention at Pensacola. He was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Convention almost without opposition. As a business man he has few peers, and for several years he has been one of the most prominent and influential men in his county. In politics he is a Democrat, and in business is largely interested in mercantile pursuits.

Hon. Hugh E. Miller, of Marion county, was born August 9, 1854, in Winnsboro, Fairfield District, South Carolina. He attended the common schools of that State, and afterwards graduated at Mount Zion College. In 1865 he removed to Florida, and located in Ocala, where he commenced the study of law. Before he attained his majority he practiced in the county courts, and in due time was admitted to practice in the higher courts. He has made quite a reputation as a careful and safe counsellor, and is prominent in the politics of his county. He has held several local offices, and was elected to the Legislature in 1882, and re-elected in 1884. Mr. Miller was the recognized leader of the Republicans in the Legisla-

ture of '85. He is a fluent speaker, and as a debater has few equals. In politics he is a Republican.

Hon. Mathias M. Blackburn, one of the delegates from Suwannee county, is a native of Jefferson county, East Tennessee, and graduated at Maryville College in 1850. He at once engaged in teaching high graded schools, and followed that business in his own and other Southern States until 1856, when, broken down in health, he returned to his old home and engaged in merchandising until the war between the States came on in 1861. He entered the service of the Confederate States and remained in the Army of Tennessee until the close of the war, when he removed to Georgia and followed his old occupation of teaching, and thence to Florida, settling at Live Oak on the 25th of December, 1868. Since that time, at the solicitation of Democrats and Republicans, he served his county as County Treasurer, Justice of the Peace and County Superintendent of Schools under Republican rule; and under Democratic rule as County Surveyor, Assistant Adjutant-General, Justice of the Peace and County Judge. He was also Commissioned by Governor Bloxham as delegate to the National Cotton Planters' Association, which met at Atlanta, Ga., in 1881, and was appointed by the Board of Management of the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans an Honorary Commissioner for his State. In politics he was an old line Whig until that party was wrecked; he then fell into the Democratic ranks, and ever since that time has been a steadfast advocate of true conservative, liberal and progressive Democracy. Without any political aspirations, he has always contended against extreme men and measures, believing that the greatest good to the greatest number lies in middle ground and moderation. Though a bachelor, he has always taken an active interest in the education of the masses and the general prosperity of the people of his county and State. The people of Suwannee county have shown their appreciation of a faithful public servant by their continued bestowal upon him of offices of trust and honor for the last fifteen years.

Hon. Hannibal Rowe, of Santa Rosa county, was born

October 21, 1838, in Gloucester county, Va. In 1859 he came to Florida, and from 1863 to 1865 he was a United States naval officer, stationed near Pensacola, Fla. In 1873, 1877, 1884 and 1885 he was elected Mayor of Milton, and discharged the duties of that important position with an honesty of purpose which resulted to the benefit of the citizens and the improvement of the town. In politics he is a conservative Republican, but was elected a delegate by a large majority in a Democratic county.

Hon. Samuel Petty, delegate from Nassau county, was born in Duval county, Florida, March 15, 1842. For several years he has been prominent in the politics of his county and has been at various times a member of the city council of Fernandina, light-house keeper at Amelia Island, inspector of customs and was twice elected to the Florida Legislature. He was elected to the Constitutional Convention by a large majority.

N Hon. Wallace B. Carr, of Leon county, was born in the county he represents June 22, 1853. He received his education at the common schools of the county. In 1880 he was elected to the State Legislature and served two years. He was nominated in the Republican Convention by acclamation and was elected to the Convention without opposition. In politics he is a Republican. For some years he has been a successful farmer and exercises a great influence among his race.

Hon. Joseph H. Humphries, delegate from Polk county, was born January 24, 1857, in Thomas county, Georgia; after receiving an academic education principally by his own efforts, he entered the Law Department of the Washington and Lee University at Lexington, Virginia, and graduated there in 1881. Having removed to Polk county, Florida, in 1875, he was elected the first Mayor of the town of Bartow in 1882. Mr. Humphries is a rising young attorney who has made an enviable reputation by his unyielding integrity and diligent application to his chosen profession. He is a staunch Democrat, and was elected to the Convention over the most stubborn and persistent opposition by independent can-

didates. His genial disposition and affable manner have made him exceedingly popular, and a bright future awaits him.

Hon. Edward C. F. Sanchez, who represents the Thirteenth Senatorial District in the Convention, was born April 2, 1851, at St. Augustine, Florida, and attended the schools of that city till he was eleven years of age, when his parents removed to the interior of the State, where he applied himself assiduously in efforts to attain an education. He studied law and in due time was admitted to the bar. From the date of his first appearance as an attorney in the courts, his career has been characterized by able management, clear conception of measures and honesty of purpose. He is considered one of the ablest and most prominent lawyers in the State. His deep interest in the development of his native State has brought him into politics, and his people, recognizing his ability and personal worth, have repeatedly delegated him to represent them in important State Conventions. In July, 1884, he was a prominent candidate for Congress in the Palatka Convention. In the following fall he was elected Presidential Elector on the Cleveland and Hendricks ticket, receiving a larger vote than any of the other candidates. Mr. Sanchez has long been prominent in the politics of this State, and as an organizer has few equals. He is a resident of Gainesville and a member of the law firm of Taylor & Sanchez, which controls the largest practice in that section of the State.

Hon. George I. Davis, delegate from Gadsden county, was born in the county from whence he comes May 19, 1855, and after attending the common schools of his county, he entered Emory College, in Georgia, where he won distinction by his studious habits and gentlemanly deportment. Though quite a young man, Mr. Davis is widely known as a progressive and successful farmer, and is greatly respected for his many noble qualities. He married Miss Jennie Tatum, the accomplished and amiable daughter of the late Hon. T. P. Tatum, of Tallahassee.

Hon. James Wood Davidson, of Dade county, was born in Newberry District, S. C., March 9, 1829, and graduated with

08974

distinction at Columbia, S. C., College in 1852. For five years he was Professor of Greek in Mount Zion College, Winnsborough, and taught the classics several years in Columbia Academy and High School in that city. During the war he was an officer in "Stonewall" Jackson's corps in the army of Northern Virginia. He has resided in Washington, D. C., two years, and in New York ten years, engaged in literary and journalistic pursuits. He is the author of *The Living Writers of the South*, published by Carleton in 1869; and of *A School History of South Carolina*, a text book adopted by the State Board of Education and now in use in the public schools of that State. In April 1884, he settled on Lake Worth, in Dade county, and now represents that immense county in the Convention. In politics he is a straightout Democrat.

Hon. A. L. Wellman, of Volusia county, was born at Belgrade, Maine, October 29th, 1832, and received an academic education in the schools of his native State. He spent ten years as a sailor and was in the construction corps of the army of the Potomac. In 1873 he was elected to the Minnesota Legislature, and removed to Florida in 1876, since which time he has been largely interested in the milling business and in merchandising. He was Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Volusia county in 1884, and was overwhelmingly elected to the Convention as a regular Democrat. Mr. Wellman has spent much time traveling in all parts of the world and is thoroughly conversant with the business relations of this country. He is a steady and reliable man of business and is a worthy representative of the progressive county from which he comes.

Hon. W. R. Bush, of Columbia county, is a native of Dooly county, Georgia, and removed to Columbia county in 1867. After receiving an academic education he graduated in law and was admitted to practice in Florida Supreme court in 1882. He was several times chose alderman of Lake City and was elected to the Constitutional Convention by a large majority. In politics he is a Jeffersonian Democrat, and by profession an attorney and counselor at law. He is a gentleman of fine at-

tainments and has made a widespread reputation as a safe and able lawyer.

Hon. Syd. L. Carter, delegate from the Thirty-first Senatorial District, was born in Meridian, Mississippi, October 28th, 1850, and received his education at Oxford in that State. In February, 1878 he removed to Florida and settled in Levy county. Since 1880 he has represented his adopted county in the State and Congressional Conventions. During Governor Bloxham's administration he was Superintendent of Education for Levy county. In June, 1884, as a delegate to the Democratic State Convention, he seconded the nomination of Hon. S. Pasco in an eloquent and forcible speech; since then he has distinguished himself as a fluent and graceful orator. He was elected to the Constitutional Convention without opposition, and ably represents that prosperous and attractive county in the council of organic law-makers.

Hon. Robt. F. Rogers, of Suwannee county, was born in Marion county, S. C., the 30th of May, 1846, of poor parentage, but good blood by his mother's people—the Whites. Was raised a farmer boy, not having even the advantage of a common school education. In 1857 his parents moved with him to Columbia county, Florida, where they remained until during the war between the States, when they moved to Suwannee county, where the subject of this sketch has resided since. He married at the early age of seventeen and set out to battle with the cares of life. Realizing his condition, and being filled with an ambition to acquire an education he employed all available means to obtain suitable books and the best literature, and began his studies around his own hearth-stone. He soon made such rapid progress that the attention of his neighbors were attracted to him to such an extent that they looked to him as the brightest star of their community. He was converted a Missionary Baptist in 1872, and in 1878 was ordained and set apart to the Gospel ministry, to which profession he has been faithful to the present. Being liberal in his views, both religiously and politically, he soon became very popular with the people of his county. He has held different offices of trust and honor for the past ten years, yet he continued the occupation

of farming and has made rapid strides in acquiring wealth as well as knowledge and honor. As a prosperous and successful farmer he is the peer of any man in his county. He was nominated by the Democratic party of his county as a delegate to the State Constitutional Convention in April, 1885, and was elected without an opponent, because of his conservative politics.

Hon. Angus Paterson, Delegate from the Tenth Senatorial District, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, September 17, 1834. He moved with his parents to South Carolina when quite young, and in 1843 came to Florida, residing first in Tallahassee and afterwards in Newport. Subsequent to this he lived fourteen years in Gadsden county, and finally settled in Madison county in the fall of 1858. Soon after this he was elected Mayor of the city of Madison, and is now a member of the Board of Education for the West Florida Seminary. He attended the schools of different places during his youth, and finished his academic education at the West Florida Seminary, Tallahassee. Having studied law he was admitted to the bar in 1862. Mr. Paterson, early in his career, won distinction by the purity of his character and conscientious devotion to duty. He is a capable and successful attorney and has acquired a good professional practice. Ever charitable and generous he has endeared himself to his people who delight in honoring him.

Hon. Wallace S. Jones, Delegate from Jefferson county, was born at Savannah, Georgia, November 1, 1845. After attending the schools of this country, he entered the Military School at Paris, France, and afterwards graduated with the military rank of Second Lieutenant at St. Cyr, France. After this he returned to his native State, and was there licensed to practice law in 1869. Soon afterwards he removed to Florida, settling in Jefferson county, where he has large farming interests. Col. Jones has long held a prominent place among the substantial business men of the State. In 1884 he was a Delegate to the State Convention at Pensacola, was chosen one of its Vice-Presidents, and was sent by that Convention as a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Chicago, which nomi-

nated Grover Cleveland for the Presidency. He has persistently refused political preferment, but yielded to the earnest solicitation of friends to accept a nomination for Delegate to the Convention, and was elected by a large majority in a county which has hitherto given large Republican majorities. In politics he has always been an uncompromising Democrat.

Hon. Robert Fenwick Taylor, of Alachua county, was born March 10, 1849, in Beaufort District, S. C. He pursued his studies privately till the close of the civil war, when he attended the Maryland Military Institute, at Baltimore. After the completion of his academic education, he began the study of law in the office of Hon. James B. Dawkins; was admitted to the bar in 1870, and practiced with Mr. Dawkins until the latter was appointed Circuit Judge. He then formed a partnership with Hon. E. C. F. Sanchez, with whom he has since practiced his profession. This is one of the most eminent law firms in the State, and Mr. Taylor, as its head, has made a widespread reputation as an able and prosperous attorney. For several years he has been one of the most faithful workers in the Democratic ranks. He is a hard-working member of the Convention, and is a graceful and easy speaker.

Alexander Zipperer, of Hamilton, was born March 27, 1849, in Suwannee county, Fla., and moved to Duval county when he was eight years old, living there two years. After this he removed to Hamilton county, and has since been a resident of that county. He commenced life as a poor boy, and by his good management and untiring energy has built up a fine business, and is now a prosperous farmer. In politics he is an Independent, and votes and acts, politically, regardless of partisan management.

Hon. Jno. B. Johnston, of Alachua county, was born at Fort Gaines, Early county, Georgia, and was thoroughly educated, attending first the best schools of his native town, and at the early age of 15 entered Emory and Henry College Virginia, where he remained nearly a year. He was appointed a cadet to the United States Military Academy at West Point, but when Georgia seceded he returned to his native State, and entered the Confederate service. He was slightly wounded at

Murphresboro, and seriously wounded in the terrible battle of Chickamauga; served to the close of the war, when he returned home and has since been prominent in politics, and unfaltering in his devotion to the principles of constitutional liberty, and conspicuous in his fidelity to the Democratic party. He has been frequently elected to the Legislature of his native State, and was never defeated. Since he came to Florida he has been prominent as an able editor, accomplished gentleman, and takes a high stand among the public men of the day. He was overwhelmingly elected to the Convention as a straight-out Democrat. He is editor of the *Waldo Advertiser*.

Hon. Richard C. Parkhill, of Jefferson, was born October 1, 1837, in Leon county, Fla.; he received his education at the West Florida Seminary. During the war he served in the Confederate service as Third Lieutenant of Parkhill's Company, Second Florida Regiment, and rose to Captain; was wounded at Richmond, and at the close of the war he resumed his farming operations in Leon county. He was for many years one of the most extensive planters in Middle Florida. In 1876 he was a Democratic candidate for the Legislature in Leon county, but was defeated by the overwhelming Republican majority which prevails in that county. After this he removed to Jefferson county, continuing his farming operations; was again defeated for the Legislature in the Republican county of Jefferson, but he continued to grow in popularity with all classes of the people, and was elected to the Constitutional Convention without opposition. He is a genial and affable gentleman, and probably has more personal friends than most men of his section. Ever industrious and watchful, he is one of the most active and useful men in the Convention.

Hon. E. J. Lutterloh, of Levy county, was born in Chatham county, N. C., February 24, 1824, and received his education in that county under Prof. Baxter Clegg, an eminent scholar. In 1860 he came to Florida, and during the war was Captain in the Confederate service under Gen. Dickson. He is a lawyer by profession and is largely interested in the business enterprises of his county. He has never before held political

office, but his people, recognizing his good qualities and progressive spirit, have unanimously sent him to the Convention.

Hon. Robert Henderson, of Taylor county, was born December 2, 1823, in Ware county, Ga.; when four years of age he removed with his parents to Lowndes county, Ga., where he was raised and received his education in the common schools. At the age of seventeen he came to Florida and served in the United States service in the Seminole Indian war under Capt. Wm. C. Newburn, in Major Wm. J. Bailey's Battalion. He was Probate Judge of Taylor county eleven years, and was a member of the Legislature in 1879. He is a large and influential farmer and valued citizen.

Hon. Jeff. A. Hendley, of Hernando county, was born March 19, 1858, in Western Kentucky; was educated at Washington and Lee University, and studied law under Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, at Lexington, Va. For some time he served as a cowboy and ranger in Texas, and was elected the first County Attorney of Mitchell county, Texas. In 1881 he emigrated to Florida, and settled in the county he represents. In 1884 he was elected Surveyor of Hernando county, and in May, 1885, was elected to the Constitutional Convention. He is one of the youngest members, but has made his mark as an easy speaker and steady worker.

Hon. W. B. Tedder was born in Robeson county, North Carolina, November 2, 1821. His parents emigrated to Lawrence county, Georgia in the year 1827, where he was educated in a common county school. At the age of 25 years he was elected Justice of the Peace and served two years in that capacity; in the year 1846 he emigrated to Brooks county, Georgia, where he was elected a Justice of the Peace and served two years. In the year 1863 he enlisted in Capt. T. B. Bird's Company D., Second Florida Battalion, and in May, 1864, went to Virginia and was attached to the Tenth Florida Regiment in Capt. M. J. Clark's Company K., and served two years. After the war he emigrated to Madison county, Florida, and was appointed a Justice of the Peace by Governor Bloxham, and after that emigrated to Taylor county, where he was ap-

pointed a County Commissioner by Governor Perry, and in May, 1885, was elected without opposition a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention from the Twelfth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Taylor and Lafayette. He is an enterprising and successful farmer and a highly esteemed citizen.

Hon. James B. Stone, of Calhoun county, was born at Montgomery, Alabama, November 29, 1823, and came to Florida with his parents in 1826 and settled in Calhoun county, where he has since resided. He attended the common schools of this State and studied privately. He was for thirteen years Sheriff of Calhoun county and two years Clerk of the court. Was a member of the Legislature in 1868, '69 and '70, and again in 1877. He is a prosperous farmer and an honorable and beloved citizen.

Hon. John Parsons, delegate from Hernando county, was born in New Hampshire, January 4, 1816, and was educated at Phillips' Exeter Academy. In 1836 he removed to Florida, and since that time has been engaged in merchandising at Cedar Key, Bay Port and Brooksville. In 1840 he was Brigade-Major on General Leigh Reid's staff in the Seminole Indian war. From 1843 to 1848 he was Receiver of Public Monies at Newnansville, Fla., and was a member of the Legislature in 1855, and from that time to his election to the Convention in May, 1885, he has been largely interested in private business and in internal improvements in his section. He is foremost in matters of improvement, and was the first to settle the towns of Bay Port and Brooksville, and was largely instrumental in securing the building of the railroad to Cedar Key. His father and grandfather were distinguished physicians. He married Miss Decatur, of the naval family of Decatur, and his only son graduated with honors at Sewanee, Tennessee, but died at the early age of twenty-two.

Hon. E. C. Love, who represents the Sixth Senatorial District in the Convention, was born in Gadsden county, Florida, and has since lived there. He was educated in the best schools of the State and in Southern Georgia. In 1853 he was elected

Probate Judge of his native county, which office he filled with credit to himself and honor to the county for fifteen years. He was a member of the secession convention of Florida, and after the war was among the first to reorganize the Democratic party. Since 1870 he has been Chairman of the Gadsden County Executive Committee, and since 1876 has been Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee. In 1883 he was appointed by Governor Bloxham State Attorney for the Second Judicial Circuit of Florida, and was reappointed by Governor Perry. He was chosen Chairman of the Congressional Convention at Pensacola in June, 1884, which renominated Hon. R. H. M. Davidson for Congress. Judge Love is a gentleman of the highest moral worth, and as an advocate has few equals. His ability and purity of character has long been recognized by the people, who consider it a privilege to honor him. He was elected to the Convention practically without opposition, and is one of the acknowledged leaders of that distinguished body.

Hon. Alex. L. McCaskill, of Walton county, was born in Kershaw district, South Carolina, January 4, 1829, and was educated in the schools of that State. In 1852 he removed to Florida and engaged in farming. He was a member of the Florida Secession Convention, and in 1868 was elected to the State Senate, and having been re-elected twice in succession, was a member of that body until 1877. In 1874-5 he was President *pro tem.* of the Senate and presided with dignity and justice. He was a Presidential Elector on the Cleveland and Hendricks ticket in 1874, and is now a County Commissioner of his county. He is an uncompromising Democrat and was elected to the Convention by a handsome majority.

Hon. Daniel Campbell, of Walton county, was born July 27, 1844, in Walton county, Florida, and was educated in the common schools; studied law and in due time was admitted to practice. He was Judge of the County Court for ten years, and is a reliable and prosperous attorney. He is a Democrat in politics, and was elected to the Constitutional Convention by a large majority. He is very popular, and is an influential

and greatly esteemed citizen. He looks closely after the interests of his constituents and the whole State.

Hon. A. D. McKinnon, of Washington county, was born May 6, 1842, in Walton county, Fla., and received his education in the schools of the county. He enlisted in the Confederate Army in 1861, for one year, in the first company from Walton county; re-enlisted in 1862 in Capt. C. L. McKinnon's company for three years or during the war; served as Corporal and Orderly Sergeant in Company D, First Florida Regiment; was in the Western Army, under Generals Bragg and Johnston; was in the battles at Jackson, Miss., Stone River, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Resacca and New Hope Church; was wounded in battle at Stone River and at New Hope Church; was taken prisoner by the enemy August 11, 1864, and was imprisoned at Fort Pickens, Ship Island, Governor's Island, N. Y., and Elmira, N. Y., till July 4, 1865, when he returned home, and in 1866 moved to Vernon, Washington county, and engaged in mercantile pursuits. From 1871 to 1883 he represented the Fourth District in the State Senate, having been elected three times in succession. He is a prominent and influential man and a safe Legislator. His experience in legislative bodies makes him a valuable member of the Convention. He is an Independent Democrat in politics.

Hon. John Neel, of Holmes county, was born August 5, 1848, in the county from which he hails, and was educated in the schools of his county. He has by his diligent habits and moral worth earned distinction in his section, and has been sheriff of his county four years; was postmaster of Ponce de Leon six years, and is now postmaster of Westville, Holmes county. He is a progressive and successful farmer, and is proprietor of a hotel in his town. He takes a high stand among the leading men of his county, and was elected to the Constitutional Convention by a good majority. In politics he is a Democrat.

Hon. Wm. F. Green, delegate from the Fourth Senatorial District, was born in Tallahassee, Florida, June 21, 1839, and was educated in Gadsden county, Florida. During the civil

war he served in the army of Northern Virginia, in the Eighth Florida Regiment, and was captured at Farmville, Virginia, three days before the surrender. After the war he returned to Florida and removed to Holmes county, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. In 1870 he was elected to the Legislature, re-elected in 1872, again in 1880 and returned again in 1884. He was tax assessor and collector in his county seven years, and is a leading man in his section. He has proved himself an able and careful legislator, and now represents the counties of Holmes and Washington in the Constitutional Convention. In politics he has always been an inflexible Democrat.

Hon. Amos Hargret, of Wakulla, was born in Jefferson county, Florida, September 14, 1833, and removed with his parents to Leon county, where he lived until he was sixteen years of age, when he moved to Wakulla county, where he now resides. He is a Republican in politics.

Hon. Baylis J. Earle, delegate from Alachua county, was born in Greenville, S. C., in 1843, and is the son of Hon. Elias Drayton Earle, of that city. He was educated at the Citadel Academy, at Charleston, S. C., and left that institution shortly before he graduated to join the Confederate army. Serving through many battles as a boy-private, he faithfully and gallantly followed the fortunes of the Southern cause, and surrendered with Gen. Johnston, at Greensboro, N. C. After this he returned to his native State, to find his home and fortunes destroyed. In 1867 he removed to Alachua county, Fla., where he married a daughter of Gen. Elias Earle, and has since been a prominent and prosperous farmer and business man in that county. He takes no interest in politics, but was unanimously nominated for the Legislature in 1882, and upon the calling of the Constitutional Convention he was elected a member of that body. He is a Democrat in politics, and is a gentleman of great moral worth.

Hon. Jeremiah Fogarty, of Monroe county, was born December 15, 1845, at St. Augustine, Fla. He was educated in New York and served in the United States Navy during the war as Paymaster's Clerk. After the surrender he settled in

Key West, Fla., where he has since resided, engaging in the wholesale and retail grocery and ship chandlery business. He has been elected Alderman of Key West several times, and is now Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Monroe county. On several occasions he declined a nomination for Mayor of Key West, and also refused a nomination for State Senator. He was a delegate to the Convention at Gainesville, which nominated Hon. W. D. Bloxham for Governor in 1880, and declined to be a delegate to Pensacola in 1884. He is a staunch Democrat, and is a worthy representative of the large business interests of Key West.

Hon. John C. Pelot, of Manatee county, is a native of Columbia county, Fla. His father, Col. John C. Pelot, was one of the early settlers of Florida, and until the close of the civil war occupied a prominent position in the political history of the Territory and State. The younger Pelot, after receiving a liberal academic education, entered Jefferson Medical College, at Philadelphia, and graduated with the degree of M. D. He was Assistant Surgeon in the provisional army of the Confederate States during the late war. In 1866 he removed from his home in Alachua county to Manatee, where he has since practiced his profession. Besides being a large and successful practitioner, Dr. Pelot is largely interested in the orange growing business. During the political canvass of 1876 he was President of the Manatee Democratic Club, which rendered such efficient service to the Democracy. He holds a prominent place on several of the more important committees of this Convention.

Hon. Samuel E. Hope, of Hillsborough county, was born in Liberty county, Georgia, in 1833. His father moved to Paine's Prairie, Alachua county, Fla., the same year, in which county he lived till after the Indian war in 1842 when he removed to what is now Hernando county. The subject of this sketch received his education in Hinesville, Ga., and in Alexandria, Va. He entered the Confederate service in February, 1861, as First Lieutenant of an independent company. The company was reorganized in August of that year and he was elected Captain; was attached to the 6th Florida Battalion which went

to Virginia in General Finegan's Brigade. While in the army at Petersburg, Va., in 1864, he was elected to the Legislature, and in 1865 was elected to the Constitutional Convention of that year from Hernando county; was re-elected to the Legislature in 1876 and again in 1878 from Hernando county. In 1879 he removed into Hillsborough county, and now represents that county in the present Constitutional Convention. He is a Democrat and attends closely to the duties of his office.

Hon. Henry L. Parker, delegate from Brevard county, was born April 15, 1832, in Columbia county, Fla., and attended school in that county till he was 17 years of age, when he removed to Hillsborough county and lived there nine years. After this he returned to Columbia county, where he lived till the close of the civil war, when he moved to Brevard county. He served in the Indian war, and in the Confederate army, under General Perry, in the Army of Northern Virginia. He has been Sheriff, County Judge, and a member of the Legislature in 1881. He is a farmer and stock raiser and a useful citizen. In politics he is a Democrat.

Hon. Alex. Bell, delegate from the Twenty-first Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Dade and Brevard, was born June 2, 1827, in Hamilton county, Florida. His father was the first settler in that county. The subject of this sketch was the first white child born in that county, and he received his education in the common schools. He served in the Seminole Indian war as captain, was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1865, has been sheriff, county commissioner, and is an honorable and beloved citizen. He was elected by a large majority to represent the two counties in the Convention.

Hon. John D. Broome, of Volusia county, was born May 6, 1835, in Hamburg, South Carolina, and when a child was brought to this State by his father, who became Governor of Florida. Young Broome was educated at Mercer University, Georgia, and practiced law at Fernandina until 1866, when he moved to New York and lived there eight years. In 1874 he returned to Florida and resumed the practice of his profession in Deland, Volusia county. During the war he served on the staff

of General Finley, and took an active part in all the principal military engagements in Florida. He was surveyor of Volusia county for eight years, and has an extensive practice in DeLand, where he is an honored citizen. He occupies a prominent position among the working men of the Convention.

Hon. G. P. Fowler, of Putnam, was raised in the State of Illinois, educated for the army, and served through the Mexican war as Second Lieutenant. After the Mexican war, he resigned from the army, and entered the law office of Abraham Lincoln, was admitted to the bar and practiced law until the war between the States, in which he served as Major in the Federal army; after the war, was elected and served as Judge of Superior Court in southern Illinois; resigned and came to Florida with his family many years ago; has filled several official positions in Florida; is a Lincoln Republican in politics, formerly a Whig.

Hon. W. T. Weeks, of Bradford county, was born February 15, 1838, in Columbia county, Florida, and received his education in that county. By his industry and capacity he has built up a large farming and mercantile business. For many years he has been sent to all the State and Congressional Conventions; served four years as a State Senator and two years as a member of the General Assembly. He was for some time Tax Assessor of Bradford county, and is one of its most prosperous and valued citizens. His experience in legislative bodies make him an estimable member of the Convention.

Hon. W. N. Sheats, of Alachua county, was born at Auburn, Gwinnett county, Ga., March 5th, 1851. His father died in 1857. His guardian, through the vicissitudes of fortune brought about by the late war, was unable to pay him any part of his legacy, and he was forced to look to his own exertions for an education, his mother having married a Methodist minister. In January, 1867, he came to Columbia county, Fla., where he devoted himself assiduously to farm-work; and by hard labor and frugality he laid by a few hundred dollars, which he had resolved to set apart for his education. With this well-earned fund, increased by small acquisitions from any kind of em-

ployment which presented itself during vacations, he was enabled to sustain himself in Emory College, Ga., and graduated with a class of twenty-six in 1873, bearing off an honor, delivering the Greek salutatory. Successively he was a teacher in Fletcher Institute, Thomasville, Georgia; Principal of Mitchell High School, Camilla, Georgia; and Professor in the East Florida Seminary, Gainesville, where he now resides. After four years of active and efficient service he was elected to the Superintendency of Schools of Alachua county, and now holds the office for the third term. The esteem he has won from the people is evidenced by his nomination, without a dissenting voice, in the Convention which called him to represent them in the Constitutional Convention. Mr. Sheats is an active member of the M. E. Church, South, and is repeatedly chosen as a delegate to District and Annual Conferences. Temperance is a leading question with him, and he ranks P. G. W. P., S. of T. in Florida. Mr. Sheats is a prominent member of the Convention and takes an active interest in the improvement of the school system of this State.

Hon. Obediah Edge, of Walton county, was born March 20, 1830, in Barbour county, Alabama, and came to Florida when quite a young man. He served through the civil war as sergeant in the Sixth Florida Regiment, which operated in Tennessee. He has held several offices, including justice of the peace and county commissioner. For many years he has been a prominent and prosperous farmer. He is very popular, and was elected to the Convention by a good majority. In politics he is a Democrat.

Hon. John W. Malone, of Gadsden county, is a most popular and influential member of the Convention. For several years he has been considered one of the safest and most successful attorneys in the State. Retiring and modest, he does not seek political offices, but the people of his county, recognizing his eminent qualifications, sent him by a handsome majority to represent them in this important assemblage.

Hon. Thos. E. Clark, of Jackson county, was born in Huntsville, Ala., July, 1831; he removed to Florida in 1848 and settled

in Calhoun county upon the Apalachicola river, where he lived until 1853, when he removed to Jackson county, his present home. Politically he was an "Old Line Whig," and a strong Union man until the secession of the State from the Union. Although he reluctantly endorsed that action, he was the first one to enlist in his county on the call for troops, and on the 4th of April, 1861, was enrolled as First Lieutenant of Company E of the First Regiment of Florida Volunteer Infantry, and moved with that regiment to Pensacola, serving there one year. Upon his return home he immediately raised another company, composed largely of his former comrades, joined the Eighth Regiment and went to Virginia, where he participated in all the important battles of the Army of Northern Virginia. In September, 1861, he was appointed Major of his Regiment, which position he held until the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox, from which place he returned to his home in Jackson county, where he has large business interests. Upon the election of Governor Drew he was appointed Major-General of the First Division of the State Militia. He was elected to this Convention by a large majority, and is a useful member.

Hon. Lewis D. Carson, of Liberty, was born August 11, 1834, in St. George Parish, South Carolina. After completing his academic education he entered the South Carolina Medical College, graduating in 1860. He served in the civil war as assistant surgeon, and distinguished himself by skillful and faithful service. At the close of the war he came to Florida, and commencing with nothing he soon became prominent for his many good qualities. He is a Democrat, and an excellent and honored citizen.

Hon. King Wyly, of Orange county, was born in Savannah, Georgia, October 13, 1849. He was educated at that world renowned institution of learning, the University of Virginia, and graduated there with the degree of M. D. in 1869. After this he attended the Medical College of Paris, graduating there with the degree of M. D. in 1872. In 1878 he removed to Orange county, Florida, and engaged in the practice of his profession. Dr. Wyly takes a high stand among the leading physicians of

the State, and is a gentleman of extensive information and rare attainments. For three terms he has been Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, and was elected to the Convention by a flattering majority. He is an inflexible Democrat.

Hon. William T. Orman, who represents the Fifth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Franklin and Calhoun, in the Constitutional Convention, was born August 23, 1830, in Jackson county, Fla., and was educated at Yale College. When a boy he moved to Apalachicola, and has since been a prominent citizen of that city. He was three times elected to the Florida Legislature, and twice elected to the State Senate. He is now an esteemed member of the Senate. During the war he served as First Lieutenant Company B, First Florida Regiment, in Virginia, and surrendered at Greensboro, N. C., with Gen. Joseph E. Johnston. He is the most popular man in his section, and has been repeatedly elected to various offices of trust and responsibility. Four times in succession he has been elected Master of the Masonic Lodge, and is Captain of the Apalachicola Guards.

Hon. F. B. Genovar, of St. Johns county, was born August 24, 1842, at St. Augustine, Florida, and received his education in the schools of that city. In 1859 he left his native land, and, after traveling extensively in different parts of the world, finally landed in Cuba, a mere youth, without money and without friends, but by his indomitable energy and native capacity soon built up a large mercantile business, and achieved most remarkable success in all his undertakings. He returned to St. Augustine in 1876, and is now engaged in orange culture near that city. In 1878 he was elected to the State Senate and served his constituents with fidelity and ability. He is an unyielding Democrat, and was elected to the Convention without opposition. Mr. Genovar is a cultured gentleman of fine address, and his experience and extensive information make him one of the most popular members of the Convention.

Hon. Edward L. Odom, of Bradford county, was born August 13, 1854, in Calhoun county, Ga. He came to Florida when four years of age, and was educated in the common schools

of this State. He has for some time been a Notary Public. In politics he is a Democrat. He is a successful and progressive farmer and a rising young business man.

Hon. Jas. G. Speer, of Orange county, was born June 23, 1820, in Abbeville district, S. C. His grand-parents came from Ireland. He received an academic education in his native State, and came to Florida in 1854 and settled in Orange county. During the Indian war he served as a member of Capt. Aaron Jernigan's Mounted Volunteers. During the civil war he was in Major Footman's Battalion. He was elected to the General Assembly in 1873, and was afterwards twice elected to the State Senate from the Twentieth District, and is now President *pro tem.* of that body. He was married December 30, 1840, to Miss J. C. Ellington, of Talladega county, Ala., who died in June, 1867, leaving four children. On February 7, 1869, he was married to Miss Mary E. Jackson, of Orange county, Fla., and they have two children. Judge Speer is one of the most highly esteemed and useful citizens in the State; his section is largely indebted to him for the benefits it has derived from his enterprising and progressive spirit; he takes a lively interest in the development of Florida and is a leading member of the State Senate. His many noble qualities make him a most valuable member of the present Convention. He has always been a staunch Democrat.

Hon. Chas. M. Lewis, of Nassau county, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1837, and received his education in his native State. In 1867 he removed to Florida, and has since been a resident of Nassau county. He was Tax Assessor for Nassau county two terms and has been a County Commissioner for twelve years. He is a Republican in politics, and was elected to the Constitutional Convention by a large majority.

Hon. John C. Richard, of Bradford county, was born January 18, 1827, Glynn county Georgia, and came to Florida when an infant. He was educated in the common schools of this State, and served in the Confederate army as Captain in Company "A," Tenth Florida Regiment, which was sent to Virginia in 1864. He was wounded near Petersburg, but served

to the close of the war, when he returned home and was sent a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1865. In 1876 he was elected to the State Senate and served four years. He has extensive farming and mercantile interests, and is a highly esteemed citizen.

Hon. Austin S. Mann, delegate from the Twenty-second Senatorial District of Hernando county, was born in Delaware county, Ohio, January 14, 1847. After attending the common schools, he spent three years at Capital University, Columbus, Ohio; studied law in the office of his cousin, Hon. G. L. Converse, now a prominent member of Congress, and was licensed to practice in 1869. Soon after this he engaged in the manufacturing business in the Eastern cities till 1873, when he came South and settled on Crystal river, Hernando county, Fla., where he is now a prominent and popular citizen. Soon after his arrival in this State he became largely interested in its development, and incidentally in its politics. He has repeatedly been sent as a delegate to Congressional and State Conventions, and was a Presidential Elector in 1880; served as County Commissioner two years, and was elected to the State Senate in 1872. Being a forcible and eloquent speaker, and a logical thinker, he at once took a commanding position in the Senate, where he was chairman of the committee charged with the responsible duty of considering all matters relating to the calling of this Convention. Senator Mann introduced and secured the adoption, by the State Nominating Convention at Gainesville in 1880, of the resolution suggesting the recommendation by ballot of county officers for appointment by the Governor.

Hon. Wm. L. Hunter, of Baker county, is a native of Northern New York, and was born in the year 1832. He came to Florida in October, 1883, and is engaged in farming pursuits in the county he represents.

Hon. Thos. L. Clarke, of Jefferson county, was born December 13, 1846, in Stewart county, Georgia. He received his education in the common schools of Georgia, and served in the Confederate army as private in the army of Tennessee under

General Jos. E. Johnston. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at Americus, Georgia, in 1869. In 1870 he removed to Florida and settled in Monticello, where he has since resided. He was several times elected Mayor of Monticello, and was sent to the Convention by a large majority. He is a capable and successful attorney and commands an extensive practice. He is a gentleman of learning and experience, and his conscientious devotion to duty makes him a valuable member of this important assemblage.

Hon. A. E. Maxwell, delegate from Escambia county, was born September 21, 1820, at Elberton, Georgia. He attended the country schools in Green county, Alabama and completed his education at the University of Virginia. In 1845 he came to Florida, and has since been pre-eminent among the leading men of the State. He has at different times filled the offices of Secretary of State, Attorney-General, member of the Legislature and State Senator. In 1852 he was elected to the United States Congress, was re-elected in 1854 and after this term declined another election. The Legislature of Florida elected him to the Confederate States Senate in 1862, and in 1866 he was appointed by Governor Walker Judge of the State Supreme Court. Soon after this he retired to private life, and held no political office until 1877, when he was appointed by Governor Drew Judge of the First Judicial Circuit of Florida. He still fills this important judicial position. Judge Maxwell is a gentlemen of the highest moral worth, is learned in the law and exercises a commanding influence throughout the entire State. As a Judge he has few equals, his rulings are correct and just, and he possesses the entire confidence of the whole people. He was elected to the Convention practically without opposition, and is one of its most influential and learned members.

Hon. John P. Wall, of Hillsborough county, was born in Hamilton county, Florida, September 17, 1836. He moved with his father's family to Hernando county at the age of ten years. After the completion of his academic education he studied medicine, and graduated at the Medical College of South Carolina in Charleston, in March, 1858. He entered

the Confederate service as Assistant Surgeon of the Provisional Army of the Confederate States in 1861; and was stationed in the Hospital in Richmond, Va., till 1863. In 1864 he was promoted to Surgeon and served in Florida till the close of the war; after which he resumed the practice of his profession, and is now one of the most successful practitioners in the State. He has been a resident of Tampa, Hillsborough county, since 1871. In 1875 he was elected a member of the American Public Health Association, and a member of the American Medical Association in 1879; was elected President of the Florida Medical Association at its annual meeting for 1884. He has contributed to various medical periodicals, and was for several years editor of the *Tampa Tribune*. His learning, ability and professional skill make him a valuable member of the Convention, where the health of the people as well as their property, should be looked after. He is Chairman of the Education Committee.

Hon. John Westcott, of St. Johns county, is one of the most distinguished men in the Convention. He was for a long time Surveyor-General of the State, and has held many other positions of great responsibility. His extensive information and practical experience serve to make him a most reliable member. He is prominent on several of the most important committees and is a faithful and earnest worker.

Hon. R. R. Robertson, of Santa Rosa county, was born in Ireland in 1827, and came to Florida in 1850, settling in the county he represents. He has been County Treasurer, and was elected to the Constitutional Convention as a Democrat. He is a prosperous and progressive farmer.

Hon. William Beverly Randolph was born at Dolorosa, Missouri, from which State he moved when very young. His father was Hon. William M. Randolph, of Virginia, for many years a leading member of the bar of New Orleans, and who commenced the practice of his profession in Tallahassee, Fla., as partner of the present Judge, Hon. D. S. Walker. Mr. Randolph comes directly from the old family of that name in Virginia, and was educated in that State at Roanoke College.

He moved from there to Louisiana, and from New Orleans to Orange county, Florida, in 1869, where he now resides, and is engaged in the favorite occupation of fruit-growing. He has never asked for nor held any political office, but has been an earnest worker in the Democratic party, both in this State and in Louisiana. Mr. Randolph represented his county in the Convention held in Tallahassee, in 1870, that nominated Bloxham for Lieutenant-Governor, and has served in almost every State and District Convention since that time. He has strong convictions as regards the new Constitution, among which are the election of county officers, and the appointment of the judiciary. He is an active and influential member of several important committees.

Hon. James P. Coker was born in Chester county, South Carolina, on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1822. He remained there until he was nine years old, when his parents moved to Alabama. He became, as a boy and man, identified with the early days and history of that country; educational facilities being meagre, and his means small, his advantages, so far as books were concerned, were limited, though possessed of a quick and strong native intellect, which became sharpened by contact with the minds of men engaged in making a living by trade and traffic, he soon took a front rank among merchants. Being impressed with the soil and climate of Florida in 1846 he moved to Campbellton, in Jackson county, and remained there several years, doing business successfully, and by his genial and pleasant manners made friends of all with whom he came in contact. He moved to Greenwood after leaving Campbellton, and did a large and profitable mercantile business there, and also traded extensively in stock, still increasing his popularity and usefulness. The war of 1860 found him surrounded with a wife and son and large and comfortable property. He was a Democrat of the secession stripe, placed himself and fortune in the cause, connected himself with the Commissary Department, and was always an active and energetic officer, and did much in securing supplies when needed. After the fall of the Confederacy he accepted the situation, went to work and with what money he had left opened busi-

ness in Marianna as a merchant. He has always been liberal and contributed largely to the cause of good government during the reconstruction days. During the war he was Colonel of Volunteers and was active in raising forces for the Confederacy. He has always been a warm Democrat, and has cheerfully given his personal services and money when needed to advance the cause. He has never sought office, nor permitted his name to be used for position until the present Convention was called to amend and change the Constitution, when his friends recognizing his ability and personal popularity, overcame his objections, and he now for the first time occupies a position in the council of that body.

Hon. H. H. Duncan, of Sumter county, was born at Springfield, Ill., September 7, 1845, and removed with his parents, when quite young, to Alabama, where he was educated, graduating at Auburn in that State. He came to Florida in 1874, and is largely engaged in the real estate business. In 1880 he was elected to the State Senate and served four years. He has been Superintendent of Schools and County Commissioner in Sumter county. He was nominated and elected to the Convention by an almost unanimous vote.

Hon. William H. Reynolds, Secretary of the Convention, was born at Macon, Georgia, April 21, 1843. Soon after this his parents moved to Thomas county, Georgia, and the subject of this sketch received his education at the College at Thomasville. In 1861 he entered the Confederate service in Company E, Twenty-ninth Georgia Regiment, and served on the coast some time; afterwards he was sent West and served under Gen. Bragg, finally surrendering in North Carolina with Gen. Jos. E. Johnston. At the close of the war he returned to Thomasville. In 1869 he removed to Hamilton county, Florida, read law and was admitted to practice in the courts of the State in 1872. After practicing in Jasper ten years, he became interested in several railroad enterprises, and has for several years been connected with the railroads in South Florida. He was Reading Clerk in the House, session of 1883; was Chief Clerk of the House in 1885, and was elected Secretary of the Convention over several prominent competitors.

Col. Daniel M. McAlpin, First Assistant Secretary of the Constitutional Convention, was born December 22, 1844, in Marion, South Carolina, and removed to Hamilton county, Florida, in 1859. Though a minor, he entered the Confederate army in the Second Florida Regiment. After serving two years he re-enlisted as Second Lieutenant in the Florida Reserves. In 1878 he was elected to the Florida Legislature from Suwannee county, and has held various other offices in that county. He is at present editor of the *Bulletin*, published at Live Oak.

Hon. J. C. Clark, Recording Clerk of the Convention, was born in the City of New York, April 15, 1849, and moved to Florida in September, 1876, and located at Starke, Bradford county, where he has resided ever since. He was appointed Examining Clerk of the Comptroller and Treasurer's offices at the session of the Legislature held in this State in 1885, and was elected to fill the position of Recording Secretary of the Constitutional Convention held in the same year. Mr. Clark is an accommodating and efficient officer.

CONVENTION NOTES.

Pursuant to an act of the Legislature the delegates elected to the Constitutional Convention May 5, 1885, assembled in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in Tallahassee, Tuesday, June 9, 1885. As the clock struck 12, noon, on that day, ex-Lieutenant-Governor Bethel, delegate from Monroe county, called the Convention to order, and Judge A. E. Maxwell, of Escambia, was unanimously chosen temporary President. Upon taking the chair he delivered a few well chosen and patriotic remarks. Wm. H. Reynolds, of Hamilton, was elected temporary Secretary. A committee appointed to receive a certified list of the delegates-elect from the Secretary of State, produced the list duly stamped. Upon the calling of the roll a quorum answered to their names, and the President declared nominations in order.

Judge E. C. Love, of Gadsden, nominated Hon. Samuel Pasco, of Jefferson, for permanent President. No other nominations being made, Mr. Baker, of Nassau, asked that the election be unanimous. The roll was called and Mr. Pasco received every vote cast.

After the announcement of the vote by the Chair, Mr. Pasco was escorted to the President's desk by a select committee amid thundering applause. Before taking the chair he delivered an eloquent and appropriate address, and after expressing his profound thanks for the distinguished honor conferred on him, he pronounced the Convention ready for business.

After the election of a Secretary, Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, Mr. Yonge, of Escambia, arose and made a few touching remarks on the death of Mrs. Parkhill, the eldest daughter of Governor Perry, at Pensacola, and moved that the people of Florida; through their delegates assembled, tender to the bereaved Chief Magistrate of the State their sincere sympathy in the hour of his deep domestic affliction; and as a further mark of respect, that the Convention adjourn until 10 o'clock Wednesday, which was carried by a rising vote.

On Monday, June 15, 1885, Gen. Jas E. Yonge, of Escambia county, was elected First Vice-President and Hon John T. Lesley, of Hillsborough county, Second Vice-President of the Constitutional Convention without a dissenting voice.

Dr. John Westcott, of St. Johns county, is the oldest delegate in the Convention, being 78 years of age. Judge Landrum, of Santa Ross, is the next oldest, being about two years his junior.

Hon. C. C. Wilson, representing the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Polk and Manatee, is the youngest member of the Constitutional Convention.

Dr. S. B. Conover, delegate from Leon county, is the only member of the Constitutional Convention of 1868 in the present Convention. In 1868 he was a delegate from Columbia and Baker counties.

Among the delegates to this Constitutional Convention are four gentlemen who were members of "the Convention of the People" that assembled in Tallahassee on the 25th day of October 1865, to frame "a Constitution or Form of Government for the People of Florida." These members who twenty years later are returned by the people for the discharge of like responsible duty, are Hon. J. M. Landrum, of Santa Rosa county, who in 1865 represented Walton county in the Convention; Hon. S. E. Hope, now of Hillsborough, then of Hernando; Hon. Alexander Bell, now of Dade, then of Hamilton; Hon. J. C. Richard, then, as now, of Bradford county.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor Edward A. Perry, of Florida, was born March 15, 1835, in Berkshire county, Mass. He was educated at Yale College, in the class of 1854; after this he came South and lived a short time in Georgia, afterwards removing to Alabama, where he was licensed to practice law. In 1857 he came to Florida and settled in Pensacola, where he has since resided. Entering the Confederate army as Captain of the Pensacola Rifle Rangers, he joined the Army of Virginia. At the reorganization of his company he was elected Colonel, and soon after appointed Brigadier-General and placed in command of the Second Florida Brigade. Throughout the war General Perry served with ability, sagacity and fidelity; ever kind and considerate in his treatment of the soldiers and sharing their hardships, he won the respect and affection of all who came in contact with him during the trying time which characterized the period of the civil war. After the Appomattox surrender he returned to Pensacola and resumed the practice of his profession, and by his ability, force of character, diligence and high moral worth soon built up a large and lucrative practice. As a lawyer he stands at the head of the bar, and his commanding influence has long been felt throughout the State. The Democratic State Convention which assembled in Pensacola in June, 1884, nominated him for the Governorship, and in the following fall he was elected by a very large majority. On January 6, 1885, he was inaugurated on the east portico of the State Capitol at Tallahassee, in the presence of a large and enthusiastic assemblage of citizens from the different sections of the State, and his course as Chief Magistrate of Florida has been wise, prudent and economic. He possesses the entire confidence of the whole people, who extend to him a hearty moral support, to the end that his administration may continue to redound to the best interests of the people in all parts of the State, and thus increase their prosperity.

Hon. Milton H. Mabry, Lieutenant-Governor of Florida, was born June 17, 1851, in Pickens county, Ala. His father was a merchant, and removed his family to DeSoto parish, La., in 1856, and afterwards to Lee county, Miss., in 1860. Young Mabry attended the literary department of the University of Oxford, and the law department of Cumberland University, where he graduated in 1872, and was immediately elected a delegate to the Convention to revise the Constitution of Mississippi. He was Mayor of Tupelo, Miss., two years, and practiced law in that city until 1879, when he removed to Florida, and located at Leesburg, Sumter county, where he has since resided. In 1882 he was elected to the Legislature of his native State, and in 1884 was nominated on the first ballot at Pensacola as the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the ticket with Gov. E. A. Perry. He was elected by a large majority, and inaugurated January 6, 1885. By virtue of his office he is President of the Senate, over which body he presides with dignity and rigid impartiality.

Hon. Robert W. Davis, Speaker of the Assembly, was born in Lee county, Ga., March 15, 1849. His father, Rev. Jesse M. Davis, was a distinguished Baptist minister. Although his early educational advantages were limited, he applied himself assiduously, and, having read law, was admitted to the bar, and removing to Florida in 1879, settled in Clay county. In 1884 he was a delegate to the State Convention, and in an able and eloquent speech seconded the nomination of the present Governor, E. A. Perry. Having been elected to the Assembly the fall previous he was, in January, 1885, elected Speaker of that body, receiving many Republican votes as well as the full vote of his party. He presided over the more numerous branch of the State Legislature with rare grace and ability, receiving during the session open assurances of admiration and esteem from members of both political parties. These extracts are taken from the official journal February 12, 1885. Mr. Yonge, Democrat, said:

"I have been selected for and charged with the very pleasant office, Mr. Speaker, of expressing to you, sir, on the part of the members of the Assembly of the thirteenth session of

the Legislature of the State of Florida, the very high appreciation of, and the very sincere thanks for the able, dignified, impartial and courteous manner that has at all times characterized your administration of the high office of Speaker of this Assembly during its session."

Mr. Miller, Republican, said :

"I believe that I utter the real sentiments of every member of the minority of this House when I say, Mr. Speaker, that no right belonging to them was disregarded or overridden while you occupied the chair, but that you have treated all fairly, impartially and justly."

Mr. Walker, Independent, said :

"I wish for you, sir, many days of happiness, prosperity and renown, which shall come to you from a performance of your duty, in all positions of distinction and trust to which you may be called, as ably as you have performed the duties of the distinguished position of Speaker of this Assembly."

The Clay Guards elected him Captain, and he still retains an honorary membership of that excellent company of volunteer militia. Capt. Davis is an able and careful lawyer, and is now general attorney for the Florida Southern Railroad Company. His present home is in Palatka, Fla.

Dr. John L. Crawford, Secretary of State of the State of Florida, is a native of Georgia, and after receiving a liberal education and graduating with the degree of M. D. at Augusta, Ga., he came to Florida in 1845, and located in Wakulla county. Soon after Florida was admitted into the Union he was elected to the Legislature, and served almost continuously in one of the branches of the State Legislature until January, 1881, when he was appointed, without his solicitation, to the office of Secretary of State by Gov. Bloxham, and in 1885 Gov. Perry, in recognition of his fidelity and efficiency, re-appointed him to the same position in his Cabinet. Dr. Crawford is a gentleman of remarkable native force, and his inflexible integrity and affable nature have made him widely known and greatly respected. He has large landed interests in Wakulla county, and has long been intimately connected with the farming interests of the State.

Gen. Wm. D. Barnes, Comptroller of the State, was born in the State of North Carolina in 1830. His parents moved to Florida in 1847, and settled in Jackson county. In 1852 he graduated in the academic department of the University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill, and after studying law was admitted to the bar and commenced the practice of law in his adopted State. In 1856 he was a Presidential Elector, and in 1857 was elected State Solicitor in the First Judicial Circuit, serving in this capacity four years. Entering the Confederate service as a private in 1862, he served throughout the war, and attained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. When Florida had only one Congressman, he was, in 1868, the Democratic candidate, and although defeated he ran far ahead of his ticket, and his canvass was characterized by the high moral plane on which it was conducted. Since that time he has been one of the most popular and highly-honored men in the State. In 1876 he was elected to the State Senate, and upon the resignation of Lt.-Gov. Hull, who was elected to Congress, Gen. Barnes was chosen President *pro tem.* of the Senate, and presided with ability and impartiality. Gov. Bloxham appointed him Comptroller-General in 1881, and in recognition of his invaluable services to the State, Gov. Perry re-appointed him to this important Cabinet office. Gen. Barnes was prominently mentioned as the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1884, but his name was withdrawn at his own request.

Dr. E. S. Crill, State Treasurer, is a native of Central New York. After graduating with distinction he entered Cincinnati Medical College, and in 1865 received the degree of M. D. He removed to Putnam county, Fla., in 1874, and by his professional skill and unflinching integrity soon built up a large and lucrative practice. He has always been a Democrat, but possesses the confidence and esteem of persons of both political parties to a marked degree. In 1880 he was elected to represent Putnam county in the State Senate, where he served his constituents with ability and fidelity. As Chairman of several of the most prominent committees he did much of the important work necessary in legislative bodies, and his thorough knowledge of parliamentary proceedings, together with

the methodical manner with which he dispatches business, made him an invaluable member. In 1884, although his county was carried by the Republican electors, he was re-elected to the Senate and served throughout the session of '85, winning fresh laurels by attentiveness and persistent application to his duties. Having been appointed State Treasurer by Governor Perry, he assumed the duties of this important cabinet office March 1, 1885. Dr. Crill is an efficient officer and a gentleman of fine executive ability.

Hon. Charles M. Cooper, Attorney-General of the State, was born in Athens, Ga., on the 16th day of January, 1856; was brought to Florida by his parents in the summer of 1864. The foundation of his education was laid at home. He went to school when a little child in Newnansville, Fla., to the Rev. Mr. Watson, a classmate of Gen. Robert E. Lee at West Point; afterwards he prosecuted his studies at the Gainesville Academy, under the late Hon. J. H. Roper and Rev. F. C. Johnson. He was thence transferred to the private school of Rev. F. C. Johnson, in Micanopy, and afterwards attended the school of Prof. Sumner Stevens, in Fernandina, for several years, and completed his studies in Jacksonville, under the private tuition of Rev. F. C. Johnson. He entered the law office of his father, Hon. C. P. Cooper, and read law with him for a few years, concluding his law studies under Hon. J. P. C. Emmons, Attorney-General of Florida under Gov. Harrison Reed. He was admitted to the State and Federal Courts in Jacksonville, Fla., in January, 1877, and practiced a short time in Jacksonville, and in same year removed to St. Augustine, where he has resided since. He soon rose to prominence in the profession, and has had a remunerative and successful practice, appearing in many important cases in the State Circuit and Supreme Courts, and in the United States Courts for Florida. He was elected to the Legislature of Florida from St. Johns county, and served as a member of the Assembly in the session of 1881; was made Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and Chairman of the House Committee on Internal Improvements; was elected Senator from the Thirty-first Senatorial District at the general election in November,

1884, and served in the Senate in the session of 1885 but a short time, when he was appointed, by Gov. Perry, Attorney-General of the State, just as he had attained the 29th year of his age.

Adjutant-General David Lang was born May 9, 1838, at Jeffersonton, Camden county, Ga. He was educated at the Georgia Military Institute, Marietta, Ga., graduating in 1857. In January, 1858, he removed to Florida and settled in Suwannee county; from 1859 to 1861 he was Surveyor for that county. Entering the Confederate service in Captain T. A. McDonell's Company, First Florida Regiment, April 2, 1861, he served as First Sergeant of Company H. First Florida Regiment was mustered out April 2, 1862; became Captain of Company C., Eighth Regiment, May, 1862; Colonel of Eighth Florida Regiment, September 17, 1862; was Colonel commanding of Gen. Finegan's brigade at the Appomattox Court House surrender, April 9, 1865. Returning to Florida at the cessation of hostilities, he was again made Surveyor for Suwannee county, which office he held until the Republicans took charge of the State Government in 1868. For several years Colonel Lang has been employed as Assistant Engineer in the Government river and harbor improvement operations. In January, 1885, he was, without solicitation, appointed by Gov. Perry, Adjutant General of the State. By virtue of the appointment he becomes a Major-General.

Hon. Albert J. Russell, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, was born January 15, 1829, in the city of Petersburg, Va., and was educated in the private schools of that city and at Anderson Seminary, now extinct. In 1859 he came to Florida for the benefit of his health, and settled in Duval county. In 1874 he was elected Alderman of the city of Jacksonville. From 1876 to 1877 he was Chairman of the School Board for Duval county, and subsequently Superintendent of Schools in that county till February, 1884, when he was appointed State Superintendent of Public Instruction by Gov. Bloxham, and was re-appointed to the same position in the Cabinet of Gov. E. A. Perry. In 1880, Major Russell was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock and English ticket, and

in 1884 was again nominated for Elector on the Cleveland and Hendricks ticket, but being a member of the Governor's Cabinet he declined. As a speaker he has few equals, and his efforts to improve the school system of the State have been rewarded with great success.

Hon. C. L. Mitchell, State Commissioner of Lands and Immigration, was born May 5, 1848, in Hillsborough county, Fla. During his youth he attended the common schools of his State, and entering Charleston, S. C., Medical College, graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1870. After this he returned to his native State, and soon earned a large practice. For several years Dr. Mitchell has been largely interested in the real estate and nursery business in Polk county. He is thoroughly familiar with the lands of the State, and possesses rare business qualifications. In January, 1885, Gov. Perry appointed him Commissioner of Lands and Immigration, and by virtue of this appointment becomes a member of the Cabinet.

Hon. Lucien B. Wombwell, Private Secretary to the Governor, was born in Jackson county, Fla., December 9, 1849. After receiving a thorough education, he commenced the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1876. In 1877 he was appointed Assistant Secretary of State by Secretary Bloxham, and on several occasions acted as Secretary during the absence of his chief. Mr. Wombwell was at different times Private Secretary to Govs. Drew and Bloxham. He assisted Col. McClellan in revising the statute laws of the State in 1881, and afterwards became the General Land Agent for the Pensacola and Atlantic Railroad Company. For several sessions Mr. Wombwell was Enrolling Clerk for the State Senate. He has a thorough knowledge of the statute law of the State, and is a gentleman of ability and experience in State matters.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Hon. George G. McWhorter, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida, was born at Coosawda, Autauga county, Alabama, on the 27th of February, 1833. He was educated at the University of Alabama and the University of Georgia, and having been admitted to the practice of law removed to Florida in 1857, settling in Milton, Santa Rosa county, which has since been his home. The young lawyer soon established a reputation as a learned counselor and an eloquent advocate, and secured a prominent position in the front rank of the members of the bar of his adopted State. Of commanding presence, with happy readiness of speech, with great fertility of resource in his quick perceptions and his knowledge of law and human nature, he had strength before a jury that was almost irresistible. In the management of intricate causes in civil practice his power of concentrating analytical thought enabled him to cut directly through irrelevant matter to the heart of the subject. Upon his appointment a distinguished member of the bar of the eastern portion of the State said, "Colonel McWhorter I regard as an able man, a learned and efficient lawyer and a man possessing the qualifications and requisites of a good Judge. He impresses me as a learned lawyer, one familiar with the law as a science and well versed with the common and statute law of the land. I believe he will fill the position creditably to himself and with honor to the State." His literary tastes and domestic habits incline him to private rather than public life, while his ability fits him for any official position. Judge McWhorter was Speaker of the Florida Assembly in the Legislative Session of 1877, and was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1884. He was appointed Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida in January, 1885. The ability, dignity and impartiality with which he presides over this important tribunal justifies the high opinion of him expressed by all who know him.

Judge Robert B. VanValkenburg, Associate Justice of the State Supreme Court, was born September 4, 1821, in Steuben county, N. Y., and received a liberal education in that State. He was four times elected to the Legislature of his native State and served two terms as a member of Congress. When President Lincoln issued his first call for troops at the outbreak of the civil war, Judge VanValkenburg was the first to raise a regiment and report for duty at Washington. He afterwards raised a second regiment and entered it in the service of the Union, and was made a Brigadier-General. For four years he was Minister Resident at Japan. In April, 1871, he removed to Florida, and in May, 1874, was appointed to this high judicial position by Gov. Hart. He is a learned gentleman, with much experience in State and judicial matters, and exercises strict justice in his official capacity.

Associate Justice George P. Raney, of the Supreme Court, was born October 11, 1845, at Apalachicola, Fla. At the age of eighteen he entered the Confederate service and served with distinction to the close of the war. In 1866-7 he studied law at the University of Virginia; was admitted to the bar at Apalachicola in 1867. In 1868 he was elected to the Legislature, and at once came to the front as one of the ablest men in that body. Removing to Tallahassee in 1869, he by his ability and untiring industry soon obtained a large and profitable practice. He served some time as County Commissioner for Leon county. In 1877 Governor Drew appointed him Attorney-General for the State, and Governor Bloxham re-appointed him to that office in 1881. Upon the resignation of Judge James D. Westcott, Jr., in January, 1885, Mr. Raney was appointed by Governor Perry Associate Justice of the State Supreme Court. Judge Raney is a lawyer of wide information, and a gentleman of superior business qualifications, and his learning, diligence and studious methods eminently qualify him for his high judicial position.

Mr. David C. Wilson, Clerk of the State Supreme Court, was born at Tallahassee, Fla., September 14, 1842; entered Oglethorpe (Georgia) University in 1859, and would have graduated in July, 1861, but he left college to enter the Con-

federate army. Joining Capt. G. W. Parkhill's company, he served at Evansport, on the Potomac river, until the evacuation of Manassas. A few days prior to the seven days' fight before Richmond he entered the Third Florida Infantry, commanded by Gen. (now Governor) E. A. Perry, and surrendered at Appomattox with General Lee's army. After the war Mr. Wilson became a prominent merchant in Tallahassee, and since 1875 has been a wholesale mercantile agent in the State. In February, 1885, the Judges of the Supreme Court elected him Clerk of that tribunal. His qualifications and aptness make him a valuable officer.

Mr. B. B. Wilson, Deputy Clerk of the State Supreme Court, was born in Leon county, Fla., July 27, 1861. After attending the common schools and the West Florida Seminary at Tallahassee, he took one course at the Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) Business College in 1879. In 1881 he was appointed Deputy Clerk, and has made an excellent and obliging officer. Since January, 1884, he has been Deputy United States Marshal, and in all his business and official relations he exercises a sound judgment and ready aptitude.

Mr. John A. Pearce, Sheriff of Leon county and *ex officio* Sheriff of the State Supreme Court, was born January 12, 1854, in Tallahassee, Fla. He received an academic education at the West Florida Seminary. Soon after he attained his majority he was elected Alderman of his native city, and was City Tax Collector from 1883 to 1885, when he was appointed Sheriff by Governor Perry upon the recommendation of the Democratic Executive Committee. He has made an efficient and accommodating officer. Mr. Pearce married Miss Teresa Hopkins, a granddaughter of Governor Branch. He is one of the most enterprising and progressive farmers and business men in his section of the State.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGES.

Circuit Court Judge Maxwell, see page 70.

Hon. David S. Walker, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, was born May 2, 1815, in Logan county, Ky., and came to Florida in the fall of 1837. Having studied law and been admitted to the bar, he commenced its practice and at once entered upon a successful and honorable career, holding many offices of great trust and responsibility under the government, having been at different times Mayor of the City of Tallahassee, Senator in the State Legislature from Leon and Wakulla counties, and afterwards Representative from Leon county, Register of Public Lands, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judge of the State Supreme Court, Governor of the State, and, in 1879, was appointed by Governor Drew to the important office he now holds. For many years Judge Walker has been one of the most prominent and highly respected men in the State. His sound common sense, unflinching integrity, high moral standard, wide information and experience, have served to make him a most useful and influential citizen, and his advice is eagerly sought when weighty matters are at stake. In 1883 he established the University Library at Tallahassee, which has proved an invaluable benefit to its citizens.

Judge Enoch J. Vann, of the Third Judicial Circuit, was born September 24, 1832, on Mule creek, Thomas county, Ga. His father was a North Carolinian, and removed to Madison county, Fla., from Lowndes county, Ga., in 1840. In June, 1854, Judge Vann graduated at Chapel Hill; after this he studied law and was admitted to the bar by Judge J. Wayles Baker, of the Supreme Court. In 1861 he was elected without opposition to fill the unexpired term of Hon. Dennett H. Mays in the Florida Legislature. He was appointed Receiver under the Confederate sequestration act. From 1862 to 1867 he was a member of the State Senate, and served two years as Presi-

dent of that body. In January, 1869, Governor Reed appointed him County Judge of Madison county, which office he held for one year. In 1877 Governor Drew appointed him State Attorney for the Third Circuit, and in 1879 Governor Drew appointed him Judge of the Third Circuit, and he now fills with dignity and ability this high position. During the war he was Judge-Advocate of the Second Brigade Florida Militia, with rank of Major, and was Lieutenant in a home guard company. From 1869 to 1871 he edited the Madison Intelligencer, and also the Times, a Democratic campaign paper, during the canvass of 1876-7. Judge Vann is a learned and impartial Judge, and is highly esteemed for his sound judgment, inflexible honesty and rigid adherence to the rules of equity and justice.

Judge James M. Baker, of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, came to Florida from North Carolina many years ago, and has since been one of the most distinguished and highly honored citizens in the State. He was a member of the Confederate Senate, and was appointed by Governor Walker a Judge of the Supreme Court. In 1881 Governor Bloxham appointed him to the important office he now holds. He is an able lawyer, impartial Judge and cultured gentleman.

Hon. Thomas F. King, Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, is a native of Georgia, but removed to Jackson county, Fla., with his father in 1836, and has since resided in this State. After receiving an academic education at Quincy and other places, he removed to Tallahassee and studied law in the office of Mr. Thomas Baltzell, afterwards Justice of the State Supreme Court. In 1845 he was admitted to practice in the Territorial courts. When Florida was admitted into the Union he was elected Secretary of the first Senate. Immediately after this Governor Moseley appointed him Solicitor for the Southern District of Florida. In 1852 he was a delegate to the Baltimore Convention which nominated General Pierce for President. In 1853 he was elected by the people Judge of the Southern District of Florida, and was re-elected after six years' service. During the war he was Captain in the Confederate service, and took part under General Dickison in the engage-

ments at Gainesville and Cedar Key. After the war he resumed the practice of law at Gainesville, where he has since resided. In 1880 he was Presidential Elector on the Hancock and English ticket. In February, 1883, Governor Bloxham appointed him Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, over which court he presides with ability and grace, and administers justice without favor.

Hon. H. L. Mitchell, Judge of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, was born in Jefferson county, Alabama, and removed to Florida with his parents when a child. He was educated in South Florida, and after studying law was admitted to the bar and soon rose to distinction by ability and careful attention to business. For several years he was State Attorney and was several times elected to the Legislature. In 1877 Governor Drew appointed him and in 1885 Governor Perry reappointed him Judge of the Sixth Circuit.

Judge E. K. Foster, of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, was born in New Haven, Conn., October 31, 1841, and graduated with distinction at Yale College in 1863; removed to Florida for the benefit of his health in 1865, and has since been an honored and useful citizen of this State. He was Collector of Customs at St. Augustine in 1867, and State Attorney for the Fourth Judicial Circuit in 1868. In 1872 he settled in Orange county, where his legal attainments and personal worth soon brought him a large share of the professional business of that section of the State. In 1880 he was chairman of the Orange county delegation to the State Convention, and in January, 1881, he was appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction in Gov. Bloxham's Cabinet, which position he filled until February, 1884, when he resigned and became General Attorney for the Florida Southern Railway Company. In January, 1885, Gov. Perry appointed him to the important judicial office which he now holds.

STATE ATTORNEYS.

State Attorney Milton, see page 31.

State Attorney Love, see page 58.

State Attorney Blackwell, see page 34.

Hon. Albert W. Owens, State Attorney for the Fourth Judicial Circuit, was raised in South Florida; attended the academic department of the University of Virginia, and afterwards studied law at that institution under Prof. John B. Minor. He is a good speaker, and a gentleman of fine legal attainments. He was appointed to this important office by Gov. Bloxham, and reappointed in 1885 by Gov. Perry.

State Attorney Hocker, see page 46.

Hon. Stephen M. Sparkman, State Attorney for the Sixth Judicial Circuit, is a native Floridian, and is one of the rising young attorneys of the State. After receiving an academic education he studied law under Judge H. L. Mitchell, and was admitted to the bar in 1872. He soon rose to prominence in his profession, and in 1879 he was appointed, and in 1883 re-appointed, to the responsible office he now holds.

Captain J. D. Beggs, State Attorney for the Seventh Judicial Circuit, was born April 8, 1856, at Madison, Florida; after the completion of his education he read law and was admitted to the bar in 1877. In January, 1882, he removed to Orange county, and in April, 1883, was elected city attorney for Orlando. Governor Bloxham appointed him Judge of Orange county in June, 1883, which office he filled until January, 1885, when he was appointed by Governor Perry to the prominent position he now holds. He is a fine lawyer, and studiously protects the interest of the State.

MAYOR OF TALLAHASSEE.

Hon. Charles C. Pearce, Mayor of the city of Tallahassee, was born in that city September 16, 1849, and received his education at the West Florida Seminary. From his youth he has been largely interested in business pursuits, and is one of the most progressive and successful farmers in the State. He has also been prominent in the cattle business, in the production of leather and other articles of trade, and as a merchant. Since 1876 he has been a delegate to all the State and Congressional Conventions in this State, always serving on prominent committees. For four years he has been a member of the County Executive Committee, and is now a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee. Five times in succession he has been appointed by the Governor Collector of Revenue for Leon county, which office he now holds. In 1883 he was elected to the City Council and became President of that body. The next year he was elected Mayor of his native city and was re-elected in 1885, being now chief official of the Capital City of Florida. For ten years he has represented this State at the Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., and is an honored and influential member of that fraternity.

STATE GOVERNMENT UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1868.

The powers of the Government of the State of Florida, like those of the sister States, are divided into the three departments of Legislative, Executive and Judicial.

Legislative power, vested in Senate and Assembly, is designated the Legislature of the State of Florida. The Legislature meets on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, every two years, and may hold its sessions not longer than sixty days.

The members of the Assembly are chosen biennially on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Senators are chosen for the term of four years at the same time and places as members of the Assembly, in such way that one-half of the whole number are elected biennially.

The Legislature fixes the ratio of representation, but the Constitution provides that each county shall have at least one representative, and one additional for every one thousand registered voters; but no county shall have more than four. The Legislature also fixes the number of Senators, which, however, under the Constitution, shall never be less than one-fourth nor more than one-half of the whole number of the Assembly. At present the number of Assemblymen is 76, and the number of Senators 32. The pay of members of the Legislature is a *per diem* fixed by law for each day's actual attendance, and in addition thereto 10 cents mileage.

The Executive power is vested in a Governor, who is elected for four years. To be eligible, he must have been for nine years a citizen of the United States and three years a citizen of Florida.

A Lieutenant-Governor is elected at the same time and places as the Governor, and is President of the Senate, but has only a casting vote. He becomes Acting Governor upon the removal from office by death, inability or resignation of the Governor.

The Governor has a Cabinet of administrative officers, consisting of Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Comptroller, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Adjutant-General and Commissioner of Lands and Immigration. They are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

The Judicial powers of the State are vested in a Supreme

Court, Circuit Courts, County Courts and Justices of the Peace.

The Supreme Court consists of the Chief Justice and two Associate Justices. They are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, and hold their offices for life, or during good behavior. The Supreme Court appoints its own Clerk.

There are, as the Constitution requires, seven Circuit Judges, appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, who hold their offices for eight years.

The Executive appoints a County Judge for each county, who is confirmed by the Senate, and holds his office for four years.

The Governor appoints as many Justices of the Peace as he may deem necessary, who hold office for four years, but are subject to removal by the Governor for reasons satisfactory to him.

The Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, appoints in each county a Sheriff and Clerk of the Circuit Court, who is also Clerk of the County Court and of the Board of County Commissioners, Recorder and *ex officio* Auditor of the county. He holds his office for four years.

The Governor appoints, by and with the consent of the Senate, in each county an Assessor of Taxes and Collector of Revenue, who hold office for two years, subject to removal upon recommendation of the Governor and consent of the Senate.

The Governor appoints in each county a County Treasurer, County Surveyor, Superintendent of Common Schools and five County Commissioners, each of whom shall hold his office for two years, and is subject to removal by the Governor when, in his judgment, the public good will benefit thereby.

The Constitution provides that institutions for the insane, blind and deaf, and such other benevolent institutions as the public good may require, shall be fostered by the State.

An asylum for the insane has been founded, where the idiotic are also received. This institution is located upon a high hill on the eastern side of the Apalachicola river, in Gadsden county. A part of the buildings was erected originally by the United States Government for an arsenal, and subsequently turned over to the State, and then fitted by erection of new buildings and proper alterations for present uses. The inmates are comfortably provided for. The males and females of both colors have compartments for themselves, and in these their separate rooms. There is connected with the asylum

about 1,800 acres of land for such uses as the institution may have for it.

A State Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum was chartered by the last Legislature, has been erected and is occupied.

The policy adopted by the State of Florida in the care of convicts for penal crime is to lease them for terms to contractors, who employ them upon railroad construction or in other ways, instead of confining them within the walls of a State prison.

Experience has demonstrated that the plan of hiring the convicts to labor in the open air is both humane and healthful, and more agreeable to the prisoners themselves than close confinement. It is, moreover, less expensive to the State. They are hired out at present at \$15 each per annum, with such obligations to provide for their safe keeping as are deemed necessary.

The population of Florida, under the census returns of 1880, was 269,493. The increase in population in Florida during the decade from 1870 to 1880 was something over 30 per cent., and for the years 1879 and 1880 there was an increase at the rate of 60 per cent. As this tide of immigration has been largely increased during the last three years, it is fair to estimate that the annual rate of increase in her population is now not far from 20 per cent., or that at present it is something over 460,000.

UNITED STATES OFFICIALS.

EXECUTIVE BRANCH.

Grover Cleveland, New York, President.

Thomas A. Hendricks, Indiana, Vice-President.

CABINET.

Thomas F. Bayard, Delaware, Secretary of State.

Daniel Manning, New York, Secretary of Treasury.

William C. Endicott, Massachusetts, Secretary of War.

William C. Whitney, New York, Secretary of Navy.

L. Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi, Secretary of Interior.

William F. Vilas, Wisconsin, Postmaster-General.

A. H. Garland, Arkansas, Attorney-General.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. S. Miller, Internal Revenue Commissioner.

Walter Colman, Commissioner of Agriculture.

J. S. Black, Commissioner of Patents.

J. E. Johnston, Railroad Commissioner.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Morrison R. Waite, Ohio, Chief Justice.

Samuel F. Miller, Iowa, Associate Justice.

John M. Harlan, Kentucky, Associate Justice.

Stephen J. Field, California, Associate Justice.

William M. Strong, Pennsylvania, Associate Justice.

Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey, Associate Justice.

Asa Gray, Massachusetts, Associate Justice.

William Blatchford, New York, Associate Justice.

Stanley Matthews, Ohio, Associate Justice.

William B. Woods, Georgia, Associate Justice.

PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS OF UNITED STATES.

PRESIDENTS.

YEAR OF QUALIFICA- TION.	NAME.	WHERE FROM.
1789.....	George Washington.....	Virginia.
1797.....	John Adams.....	Massachusetts.
1801.....	Thomas Jefferson.....	Virginia.
1809.....	James Madison.....	Virginia.
1817.....	James Monroe.....	Virginia.
1824.....	John Quincy Adams.....	Massachusetts.
1829.....	Andrew Jackson.....	Tennessee.
1837.....	Martin Van Buren.....	New York.
1841.....	William Henry Harrison*.....	Ohio.
1841.....	John Tyler.....	Virginia.
1845.....	James Knox Polk.....	Tennessee.
1849.....	Zachary Taylor*.....	Louisiana.
1850.....	Millard Fillmore.....	New York.
1853.....	Franklin Pierce.....	New Hampshire.
1857.....	James Buchanan.....	Pennsylvania.
1861.....	Abraham Lincoln*.....	Illinois.
1865.....	Andrew Johnson.....	Tennessee.
1869.....	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Illinois.
1877.....	Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio.
1881.....	James A. Garfield*.....	Ohio.
1881.....	Chester A. Arthur.....	New York.
1885.....	Grover Cleveland.....	New York.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

YEAR OF QUALIFICA- TION.	NAME.	WHERE FROM.
1789.....	John Adams.....	Massachusetts.
1797.....	Thomas Jefferson.....	Virginia.
1801.....	Aaron Burr.....	New York.
1804.....	George Clinton.....	New York.
1813.....	Elbridge Gerry.....	Massachusetts.
1817.....	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	New York.
1824.....	John C. Calhoun.....	South Carolina.
1833.....	Martin Van Buren.....	New York.
1837.....	Richard M. Johnson.....	Kentucky.
1841.....	John Tyler.....	Virginia.
1842.....	Samuel L. Southard†.....	New Jersey.
1845.....	George M. Dallas.....	Pennsylvania.
1849.....	Millard Fillmore.....	New York.
1851.....	William R. King†.....	Alabama.
1853.....	David R. Atchison†.....	Missouri.
1855.....	Jesse D. Bright†.....	Indiana.
1857.....	John C. Breckinridge.....	Kentucky.
1861.....	Hannibal Hamlin.....	Maine.
1865.....	Andrew Johnson.....	Tennessee.
1865.....	Lafayette C. Foster†.....	Connecticut.
1869.....	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.
1873.....	Henry Wilson*.....	Massachusetts.
1875.....	Thomas W. Ferry†.....	Michigan.
1877.....	William A. Wheeler.....	New York.
1881.....	Chester A. Arthur.....	New York.
1881.....	Thomas F. Bayard†.....	Delaware.
1881.....	David Davis†.....	Illinois.
1883.....	George F. Edmunds†.....	Vermont.
1885.....	Thomas A. Hendricks.....	Indiana.

*Died in office.

†*Ex-officio* as President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

THE COUNTIES.

POPULATION BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY.	1870.	1880.	INCREASE.
Alachua	17,328	16,462	(Decrease, 5 p. c.)
Baker	1,325	2,303	73.8 per cent.
Bradford	3,671	6,112	66.5 "
Brevard	1,216	1,478	21.5 "
Calhoun	998	1,580	58.3 "
Clay	2,098	2,838	40.0 "
Columbia	7,336	9,589	30.6 "
Dade	85	257	202.3 "
Duval	11,921	19,431	62.9 "
Escambia	7,817	12,156	56.8 "
Franklin	1,256	1,791	42.6 "
Gadsden	9,802	12,169	24.1 "
Hamilton	5,749	6,790	18.1 "
Hernando	2,938	4,248	44.5 "
Hillsborough	3,216	5,814	80.8 "
Holmes	1,572	2,170	38.0 "
Jackson	9,528	14,372	50.8 "
Jefferson	13,398	16,065	19.9 "
Lafayette	1,783	2,441	36.9 "
Leon	15,286	19,662	29.0 "
Levy	2,018	5,767	185.8 "
Liberty	1,050	1,362	29.7 "
Madison	11,121	14,798	33.1 "
Manatee	1,931	3,544	109.4 "
Marion	10,804	13,046	20.8 "
Monroe	5,657	10,940	93.4 "
Nassau	4,247	6,635	56.2 "
Orange	2,195	6,618	201.5 "
Polk	3,169	3,181	.4 "
Putnam	3,821	6,261	63.9 "
St. Johns	2,618	4,535	73.2 "
Santa Rosa	3,312	6,645	100.6 "
Sumter	2,952	4,686	58.7 "
Suwannee	3,556	7,161	101.4 "
Taylor	1,453	2,279	56.8 "
Volusia	1,723	3,294	91.2 "
Wakulla	2,506	2,723	8.7 "
Walton	3,041	4,201	38.1 "
Washington	2,302	4,089	77.6 "

THE COUNTIES.

COUNTY SITES AND AREA OF COUNTIES.

COUNTY.	COUNTY SITE.	SQ. ML'S.	ACRES.
Alachua	Gainesville	1,260	806,400
Baker	Sanderson	500	320,000
Bradford	Lake Butler	550	352,000
Brevard	Titusville	4,390	2,809,600
Calhoun	Blountstown	1,160	742,400
Clay	Green Cove Spring	640	409,600
Columbia	Lake City	860	551,400
Dade	Miami	7,200	4,608,000
Duval	Jacksonville	900	576,000
Escambia	Pensacola	720	460,800
Franklin	Apalachicola	690	441,600
Gadsden	Quincy	540	345,600
Hamilton	Jasper	540	345,600
Hernando	Brooksville	1,700	1,088,000
Hillsborough	Tampa	1,300	832,000
Holmes	Cerro Gordo	540	345,600
Jackson	Marianna	1,000	640,000
Jefferson	Monticello	560	358,400
Lafayette	New Troy	940	601,500
Leon	Tallahassee	900	576,000
Levy	Bronson	940	601,600
Liberty	Bristol	800	512,000
Madison	Madison	850	544,000
Manatee	Pine Level	4,680	2,995,200
Marion	Ocala	1,680	1,075,200
Monroe	Key West	2,600	1,664,000
Nassau	Fernandina	640	499,600
Orange	Orlando	2,250	1,440,000
Polk	Bartow	2,060	1,388,400
Putnam	Palatka	860	550,400
St. Johns	St. Augustine	1,000	640,000
Santa Rosa	Milton	1,260	806,500
Sumter	Sumterville	1,180	883,200
Suwannee	Live Oak	660	422,400
Taylor	Perry	1,080	691,200
Volusia	Enterprise	1,340	857,600
Wakulla	Crawfordville	580	371,200
Walton	Euchee Anna	1,360	870,400
Washington	Vernon	1,330	841,200

THE FLORIDA
DAILY TIMES-UNION *—*—*

—AND—

——* **THE WEEKLY TIMES,**
THE GREAT STATE PAPERS.

C. H. JONES & BROTHER,
PUBLISHERS & PROPRIETORS,
64 & 66 West Bay Street,
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

D. S. Walker, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TALLAHASSEE, FLA.

— **FAIRBANKS' HISTORY OF FLORIDA.** *—*

A most reliable and interesting History of
Florida from its discovery to the
close of the last Indian War.

—ADDRESS—

C. DREW, Bookseller,
Jacksonville, Florida.

12356

The Floridian

PUBLISHED AT
TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA.

DORR & BOWEN, Editors & Proprietors.

ESTABLISHED 1828.

✧ Democratic and Progressive. ✧

Circulates all through Florida, and has a
growing circulation outside the State.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$2.00 A YEAR.

Specimen Copies sent on Receipt of 2-Cent Stamp.

J. B. WHITFIELD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA.

EDWIN M. RANDALL.

JNO. T. & G. U. WALKER.

STEPHEN E. FOSTER.

RANDALL, WALKERS & FOSTER,
Attorneys and Counsellors,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

H. V. R. SCHRADER, The Tallahassee Pharmacist,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

STANDARD PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS,

—SUCH AS—

**"BEEF, WINE AND IRON," ELIXIR OF
QUININE, IRON and STRYCHNINE,
&c., as Prescribed by Physicians.**

The largest dealer in Imported Seeds, and the first Practical
Grower and Growers' Agent of Home-raised Seed for Field
and Garden Culture.

BONDS! BONDS!

ARE YOU REQUIRED TO GIVE A BOND? IF YOU ARE, CALL
—ON OR ADDRESS—

CHARLES A. CHOATE,
Tallahassee, Florida.

Agent for the Counties of Leon, Gadsden and Wakulla,
—of the—



FIDELITY AND CASUALTY COMPANY,
214 and 216 Broadway, New York.
Cash Capital, \$250,000.00.

U. S. Bonds Deposited with the New York Insurance De-
partment, \$200,000.00.

WAVERLY

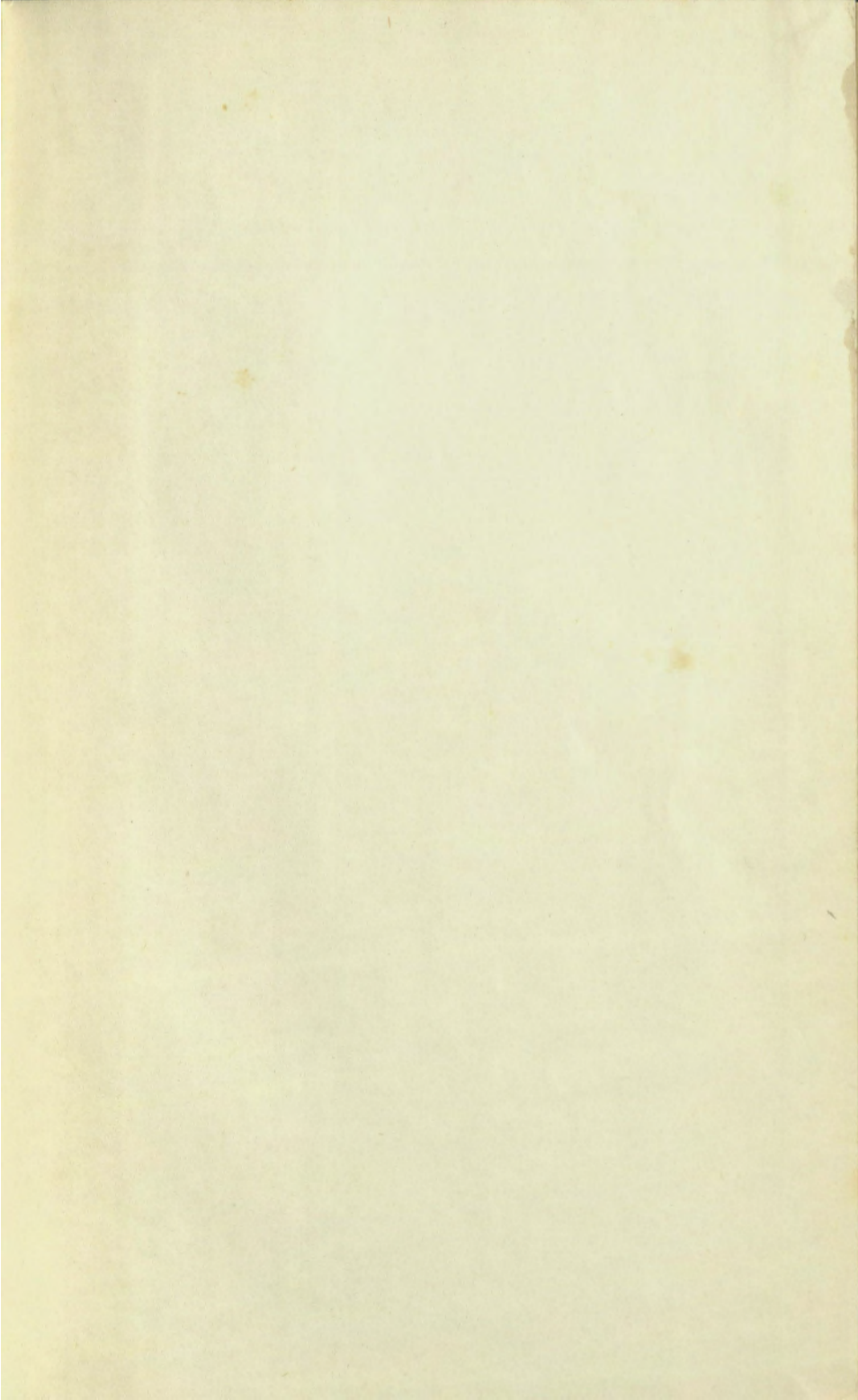
Stock and Truck Farm.

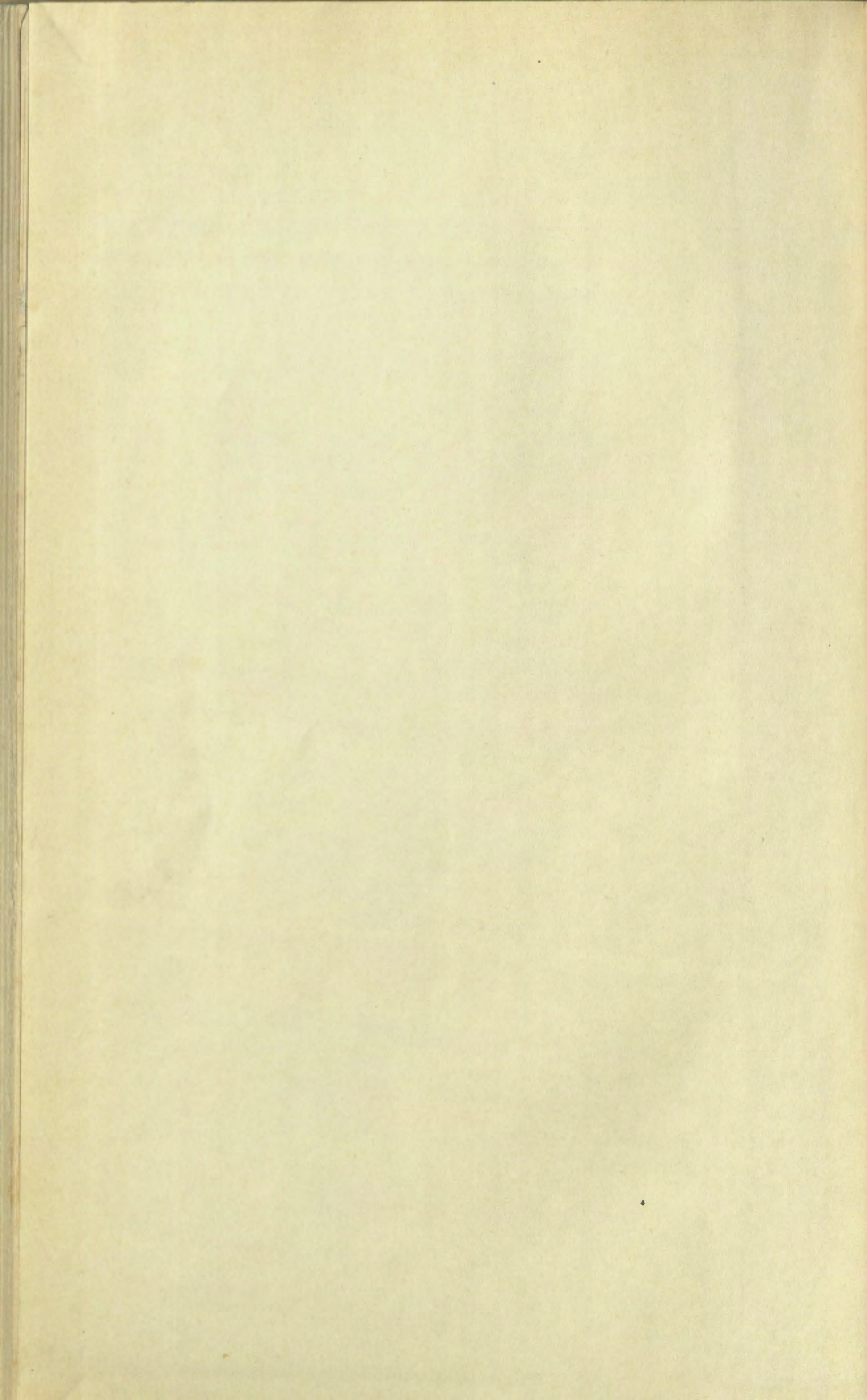
Address **SCHRADER BROS.,** Tallahassee, Fla.

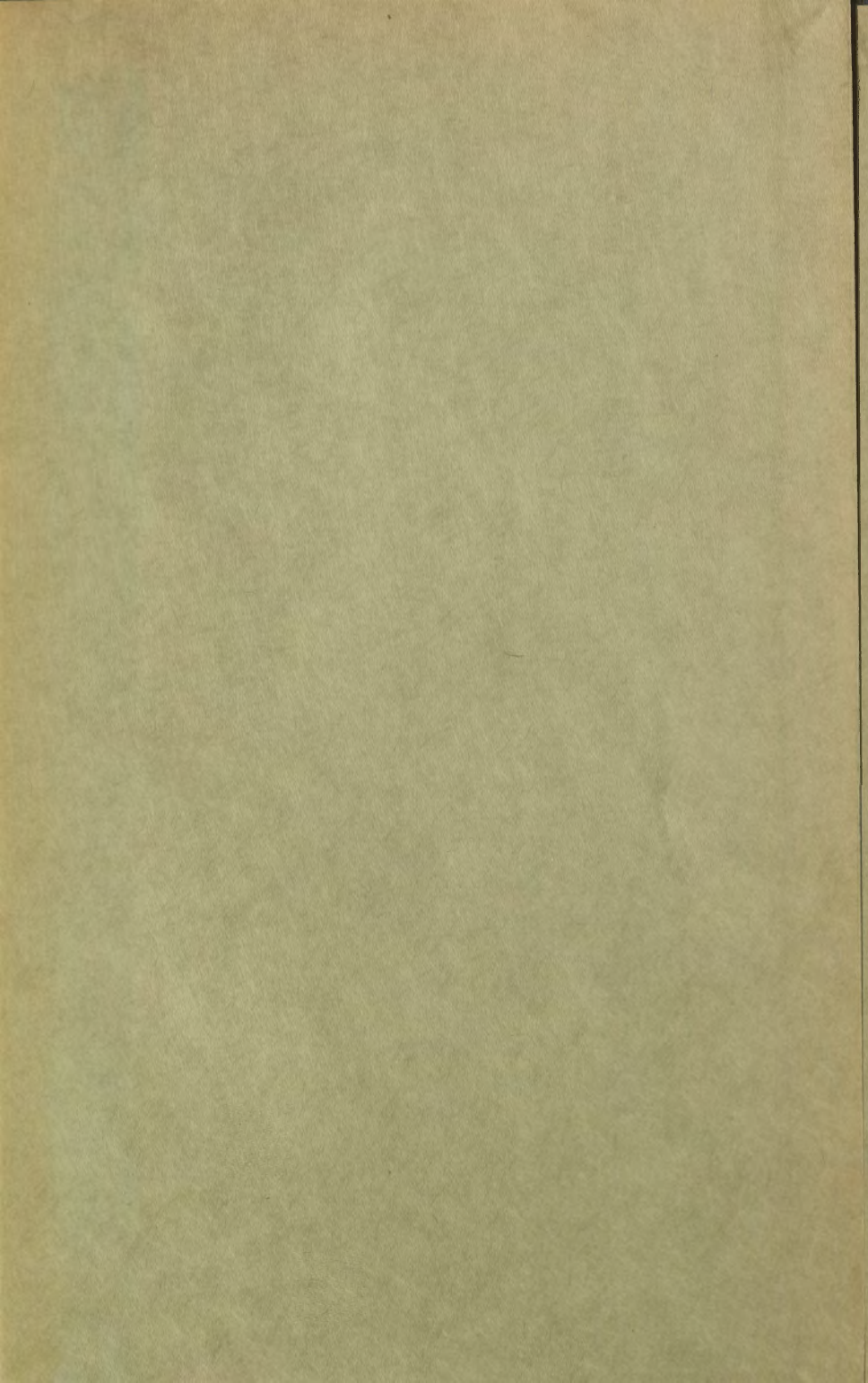
 First-class Grade Jersey Cows always for sale. 

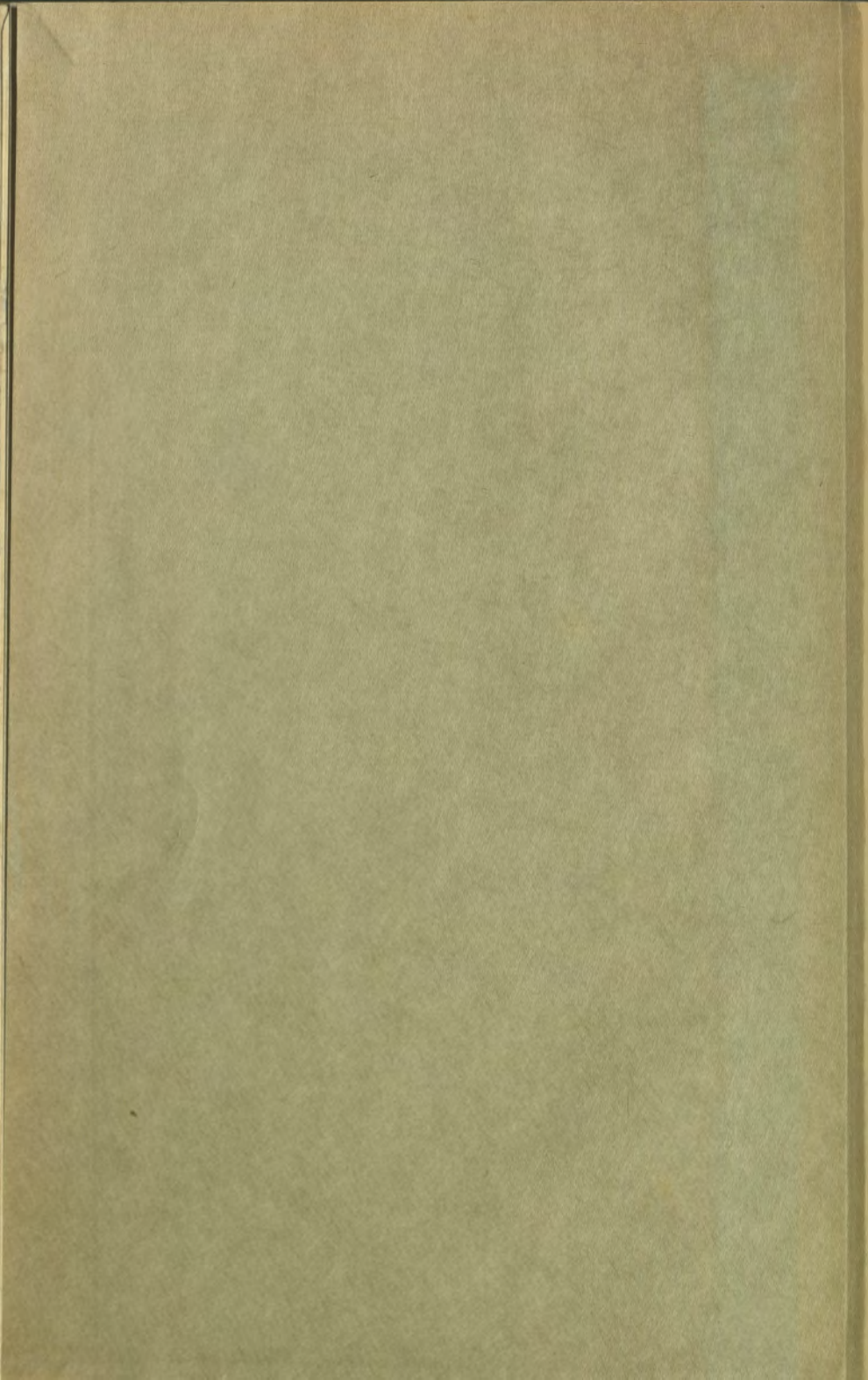
This well-known herd of Grade Jersey Cows is headed
by the unexcelled Jersey Bull "Panic," of Brown Beauty—
Uproar Ancestry, bred by Jno. I. Holley, New York.

12356-7
14









F351.2
W595
8974

